Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,078—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-00 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
9th July	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
16th ,,	ARABIA	7903		
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA.	10512
30th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558		
6th August	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
13th ,,	EGYPT	7912		
20th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9503
27th ,,	HIMALAYA	6898		
3rd Sept.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
10th ,,	OCEANA	6610		
17th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
24th ,,	PERSIA	7951		
1st Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9631
8th ,,	ARABIA	7903		
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
22nd ,,	EGYPT	7912		
29th ,,	MANTUA	10885		
5th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898		
12th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th ,,	MARMORA	10509		
26th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Doo BALDUINO	4,380	G. Ronchi	15th July 1910
R. RUBATTINO	4,380	L. Masoni	15th Aug. 1910
Doo BALDUINO	4,380	G. Ronchi	15th Sept. 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	16th July 1910.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Morosco	16th Aug. 1910.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 69 Hornby Road.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI (Direct.)

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on Friday, 8th July, at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on Thursday, 7th July calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,147 tons, on Monday, 11th July calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA. (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "WARORA," 3,988 tons, sailing on or about the 14th July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

5th July, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	7th July 1910.
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	4th Augt ,,
SYDNEY	4,118	Costa	1st Sept. ,,
SALAZIE	4,147	X	29th Sept. ,,
NERA	5,538	Martin	27th Oct. ,,
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	24th Nov. ,,
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec. ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
SALAZIE	4,147	X	15th July 1910.
NERA	5,538	Martin	12th Aug. ,,

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Agent.

Albert Building, Hornby Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	19th July 1910
SCINDIA	5108	Wm. Kelso	29th ,, ,,
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th August ,,
MLYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	25th ,, ,,
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	16th Sept. ,,
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	30th ,, ,,
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne	15th Oct. ,,
SCINDIA	5108	Wm. Kelso	25th ,, ,,
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. ,,
ELTSLA	6369	G. Mitchell	29th ,, ,,

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	658
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

S.S. Umsinga....4,500 Tons, Sailing about 23rd July 1910 Fare.—Rs. 375.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.

Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Newera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawapore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ... ...Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ... ...Gold $3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	Singapore.
Hankow.	Simpire.	Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY

BRANCHES:
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
RS. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

AN OPEN LETTER.

Sir,

IN the repairing section of the watch trade in India, it will be found that there are very few workmen who have any idea how to treat a high class watch. Repairs to a first class watch should be carried out with equal skill to that exercised in its original construction and for this a really skilled worker is necessary.

A large majority of the public, owing to the great craving for cheapness and lack of appreciation of good workmanship, has encouraged considerably the output of much rubbish in watches which finds its way to an alarming extent into this country. It is only necessary to take up a newspaper, chiefly those which circulate amongst the uninformed, to find many attractively drawn up advertisements full of promises of perfection in watches which are offered for sale at anything fifteen annas each and upwards—and there are some who carry a cheap watch and praise it only by way of justification for carrying it. There is also a class of dealer who leaves off at the selling of a cheap watch and declines to spend time in repairing it.

The average person who engages in any craft profession or business considers it from two aspects: first, his inclination or liking for any particular occupation; second, the financial rewards which such occupation can derive. It is so also with the watch-repairer and constructor. We maintain that in the repairing department of the cheap watch trade as it at present stands, the prospects of monetary rewards are becoming chimerical, as the trade of selling a watch at 10 Rupees and undertaking by guarantee to keep it in order for 25 years does not only not offer attractions for intelligent labour but is destroying all ambition in the advancement of the study of horological science. Competing as we have always done for quality and not for bazaar prices, we have always employed experienced workmen only, men who are capable of taking up and handling successfully the finest and most complicated movements in a watch or clock.

We believe the reasoning section of the public for whom we cater in this direction will appreciate this policy. The slightly extra cost for such work will, we guarantee, be more than compensated for by absolute reliability.

This year at our Poona Branch, we are again offering European skilled labour in our Watch repairing department. Our advice, to all owners of good Watches, is to bring them to us for intelligent and skilled attention.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd., BOMBAY & POONA.

JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS,

BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE EARL OF MINTO, G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.,

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

BILLIARD TABLES AND BILLIARD ACCESSORIES.

BILLIARDS

THE NEW PATENT Automatic BALL RETURNER NOW IN STOCK.

We hold the LARGEST STOCK of BILLIARD TABLES and Accessories, OUT OF LONDON.

Billiard Balls and Cues, our Specialities.

We Supply our No. 1 Design Billiard Table in solid Mahogany, fitted with all the latest improvements, including all accessories and fittings for the Billiard Game only.

Packed Free.

Delivered on Rails for Rs. 1,317.

Price List and Estimates for all designs of Billiard Tables and Accessories Free.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD.,
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS.
75, Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

J. B. ORR'S "ZINGESSOL" PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT, Manufactured by JOHN B. ORR, F.C.S., is unrivalled as an artistic and permanent decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for decorating Government House 1890, also the High Commissioner H. E. Viscount Milner 1903, S. Africa.

WM. CHS. SMITH, FROM LONDON.

PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR.

Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c.

Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F.C.S.

ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC

Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.

Coloured Card and Book on Application.

OFFICE: 17-19, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, Opposite the Oriental Buildings.

ESTIMATES GIVEN.

"ZINGESSOL," is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., Ltd.

RETREADING AND REPAIRING WORKS,
UNDER EXPERT ENGLISH SUPERVISION.
ALL THE LATEST

DUNLOP MACHINERY.

Send along your **OLD TYRES** and have them retreaded under the Dunlop System which is the best ever discovered. Repairs to TUBES of every description. ESTIMATES and REPORTS FREE.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., Ltd.
3, Wallace Street, BOMBAY.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ltd.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS.
BOMBAY.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

Agents for India—TATA SONS & CO., LTD., BOMBAY, KARACHI AND POONA.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemical pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or constrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poverty, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck. It improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2s. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from The Vetarzo Remedies Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

MACHINES SUPPLIED TO THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT.
CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES
Etc., Etc.

PLAGUE PREVENTION
DISINFECT WITH SULPHUR DI-OXIDE GAS MACHINES
CLAYTON SYSTEM

Telegrams: "UNCONSUMED. LONDON."

THE CLAYTON DISINFECTING Co.
22 CRAVEN St., LONDON, W.C.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECOND-HAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, VIZ., RAIL PIECES, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, TYRES AND WHEELS SCRAP, BRASS SCRAP, SECOND-HAND CRANE CHAIN, WHITE METAL IN INGOTS, Etc., Etc.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive tenders at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 10th August, 1910, for the purchase of above, which can be seen on application to the Company's Wharf Superintendent, Wadi Bandar; Assistant Storekeeper, Jhansi; District Engineer, Poona; and at this Depot.

TENDERS.—These must be made out on the Company's authorised forms, which can be had on application to the undersigned at his office on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.

TERMS.—A sum equivalent to 10 per cent. of value of the material tendered for (subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,000) must accompany each Tender as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of contract, failure in which shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit without the Railway having to prove any loss by the transaction. Only cash or Currency Notes (on which no interest will be allowed) or Government Promissory Notes, will be received as deposits, and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

PAYMENT.—To be made to the Company's Cashier, Bombay, on receipt of acceptance of the offer.

NOTE.—The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

APPLICANTS are requested not to tender for more material than they are able to pay for and remove WITHIN ONE MONTH from the date of acceptance of Tender.

G. B. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 4th July, 1910.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
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THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld"

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 6th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the Pledgee and on account and risk of the pledgers, Messrs. Hyderally Cassumjee Sons and Co., the following valuable Jewellery:—

1 velvet cap, set with pearls, rubies, diamonds and emeralds.
1 pendant set with large valuable emerald and diamond, and a large pearl (soojni).
1 large white round pearl necklace of 2 strings.
1 gold kanthi, set with diamonds, rubies and emeralds and pearls.
1 gold kanthi set with strings of pearls.
1 gold kanthi set do. do.
The above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY the 6th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms by order of the mortgagee and on account and risk of the mortgagor Mr. Sakerlal Parshetumdas:
One pearl necklace set with rubies.
One pearl anklet or nank.
The above is now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S.T.)

1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
The property of a gentleman having no longer use of them—
1 English built rubber tyred double-seated brougham in very good condition with a handsome strong grey Arab horse and harness.

AUCTION SALE OF LUXMI MANUFACTURING CO. at the Jubilee Baugh, Tardeo.

On MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 4-30 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Coy. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Jaichand Nemchand, and another and on account and risk of Babu Lukkeshar Ghatak, the mortgagor, the following factory with its machinery, etc., as a going concern:

The Luxmi Manufacturing Co. for manufacturing jewellery, mouldings and repairing, all sorts of metal work. The machinery consists of pressing machines, presses, drops hammer, rolling and silver and gold wiring machines, twisting and polishing machines, machine and foot lathe, pulleys, couplings and shocks, English scales with weights, hand tools, drilling machine, dyes and tops, moulds, one big safe, 156 round brass things for making wire.
The above will be on view 6 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable Landed Property known as "Gool Mansions" at Mayo Road, on the Esplanade.

On WEDNESDAY, the 3rd August next, at 5 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction, the one half equal share of the deceased Abdoolh Sascorbhoy, in the undermentioned immoveable property, on the premises, by order and under instructions of Messrs. Fazulbhoy Meherally Chinoy and Joosub Mahomed, the Receivers appointed by the order of this Honourable Court, on the 15th day of January, 1909, in Suit No. 23 of 1909.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece of land situate on the south side of the Mayo Road, on the Esplanade, in the City and Island, and sub-registration district of Bombay, which has been acquired to contain as to the portions thereof being garden land 801·33 square yards or thereabouts, and as to the remainder thereof being building land 1597 square yards or thereabouts, making a total area of 2198·33 square yards or thereabouts (and which shall be deemed to contain those quantities be the same more or less), and which is bounded on the north by the said Mayo Road, on the east by Plot No. 14, Wellington Lines, on the south by vacant land vested in the Board laid out as a central garden space, and on the West by Plot No. 12 of the said Wellington Lines, No. 9562, and which said piece of land forms portion of the lands vested in the Board and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 9562 and are assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 1301 (13), Street No. 34, together with the buildings and premises now erected and built thereon and which are known as "Gool Mansions."

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mateshai, Jamistram and Madon, Solicitors, at their office No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 6th July, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of July, 1910, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Room, the following goods:

On account and at the risk of the concerned:
1 Case imitation cut opal beads.
1 Case imitation round beads.
1 Case old pieces fancy muslin 19.23 by 3·300 yards.
1 Brief size Remington Typewriter.
1 Foolscap size Hammond Typewriter.
1 Safe by Midland Safe Co. of Birmingham, size 20 by 14 by 14.
1 Safe by Midland Safe Co. of Birmingham, size 22 by 15 by 15.
2 Safes by Midland Safe Co. of Birmingham, size 28 and 30.
Sundry goods, such as cretone, 50 dozen ladies' ribbed vests, 150 bottles Berry's blackings, watches, etc.
On account of the concerned, 50 square English Flooring tiles, buff and red.
A large lot of dado tiles for walls, bath room, and toilet room, size 6 by 6, with its borders size 9 by 3, 6 by 3, etc.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th July, 1910.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
10, BANK STREET, FORT.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS FOR INVESTMENT IN IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.
AUCTION SALE OF THE PROPERTY at Lady Jamsetji Road, Mahim.
In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 103 of 1910.

Naran Morar and another.....Plaintiffs.
vs.
Hurgovind Morar and another .....Defendants.

Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, under instructions from Mr. Rahim Premji Parpia, the Receiver appointed in the above Suit and pursuant to the directions contained in the Consent Order made in the said Suit, on the 28th day of February, 1910, will, on the premises, put up for sale by Public Auction, the following immoveable property, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of July, 1910, at 4-30 p.m. (Standard Time).

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground forming part of an Oart commonly called or known as Vazawadi or Lotanwadi, situate at Lady Jamsetji Road, in Upper Mahim, out of Fort, and in the Registration District of Bombay, admeasuring 1,362 Square Yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's Old No. 317, New No. 4,031, Old Survey No. None, and New Survey No. 2/20, together with the messuages, tenements, bungalow and chawls standing thereon, erected on several parts thereof, bearing Municipal G. Ward Nos. 4,974 (1), 4,974(2), 4,974 (3), 4,974 (4) and 4,975, and Street Nos. 302, 302A, 302B, 302C and 303, and bounded on the east by the aforesaid Lady Jamsetji Road, on the west by the passage of the Oart and property of Nur Mahomed Haji Sidick Esse, on the north by the Mahim Bazar Cross Road, and on the south by the property of Goolam Hoosein Mohidin Penkar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Manchershah and Narmadashankar, Attorneys for the said Receiver, in their office, at 13, Military Square Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th July, 1910.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE of the right, title and interest of the Insolvents Parshotum Runchod and others who traded as Runchod Velji in a ten annas share in a Ginning Factory situate at Shedbal near Miraj in Belgaum District.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Acting Official Assignee, Bombay, and Assignee of the Estate of Purshetam Kanchhod and others who traded as Runchhod Velji, Insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of July, 1910, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.), at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

All the right, title and interest of the said Insolvents in Shedbal Ginning factory, situate in Taluka Athani and Zilla Belgaum, bearing part of Survey No. 702, the land admeasuring 8 acres and 26 gunthas, assessment whereof is Rs. 7-2-0 and which is bounded on the East by the Nacwad Road, on the West by the old Station Road, on the South by the land of Deosput Bungaram and the North by the land of Mankoo, together with a well. Factory contains one 16 H. P. Marshall's portable engine and 12 Platt Brother's double roller gins with factory sheds of corrugated sheet roof and three tiled dwellinghouses with stores.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned at their office in Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE of Stock-in-Trade of Messrs. Venning & Co., Tailors and Outfitters, at Apollo Bunder, opposite Watson Annexe.

Messrs. Crawford and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of the concerned on FRIDAY next the 8th day of July, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), the whole of the stock-in-trade of Messrs. Venning and Co., Tailors and Outfitters of Apollo Bunder, in their shop situate opposite the Watson's Hotel Annexe, consisting of superior cashmere, alpaca, serge, Venetian flannels, satin, drills, duck, neckties, collars, ties, buttons, bows, shirts, feather pillows, superior woollen and cotton stockings, elwood, curzon, tweed and other hats and caps, towels, over-coats, Singer's sewing machine, shop furniture, such as tables, show cases and cupboards, screens, mirrors, gas fittings with 1,000 candle power, big lamps, type-writer, gown stands, brass stands, cloth shelves and other sundry articles in small lots to suit buyers.
The above is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Bhimji Shamjee and Co., Insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Dadar, near the G. I. P. Dadar Station, on SUNDAY, the 10th instant, at 3-30 a.m. (S.T.), all the valuable teak-wood and black-wood household furniture, chandaliers, lamps, pictures, vase lamps, etc.
The above will be or view 2 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PEARL AND DIAMOND ORNAMENTS.
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 270 of 1910.

Jamkurvahu, wife of Sursing Mathuradas.....Plaintiff
Vs.
Morarji Mathuradas Kamdar, and another.....Defendants.

Under instructions from Messrs. Morarji Mathuradas Kamdar and Dwarkadas Haridas, executors of the last will of Hirabai, widow of Mathuradas Liladhar, and defendants in the above Suit, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of July, 1910, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, the following very valuable Jewellery, comprising—Pearl and diamond ornaments such as ravifuls, bangles, kanknis, vanks, bedharis, chudis, kadas, bridharis, ghughari, necklaces, toranmala, neeklets, damni, nose-rings, called vindhadis, and other valuable ornaments.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Madhowji, Kamdar and Chhotabhai, Attorneys for the said executors, at their office at Esplanade Road, Fort.

The above ornaments will be on view at the office of the Auctioneers, from Saturday, the 9th instant.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 6th July, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 8th July 1910 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

The materials for removal of the following buildings—
Building Street No. 1-3, case No. 42, Chinch Bunder Cross Road; Building Street No. 124-132 and 1-12, junction of Hoskin Road and Dhabu St.

AUCTION SALE of the Right of the Temporary Occupation of the Vacant Land.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th July, 1910, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), the right of the temporary occupation of the following vacant lands:—
Plot Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, Carnac Road, Sarang Street, Pinjari Street, Abdul Rehman Street.
At 5 p.m. (S.T.) Plot No. 168, Doongri Street.
Full particulars, Auction conditions and plans of the plots can be seen at the Trust Land Manager's office, Esplanade Road, Fort, or at the office of the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 6th July, 1910.

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S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.
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S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.
Erard Pianos
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Bechstein Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.
Allison Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.
Schiedmayer Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.

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BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 15,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownaggur.)
KHERSHEY KHAISHY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Samanrain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.
If you suffer from any disease due to the impure tate of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, or should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, he world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has! y rea, reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—ITCURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.
Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.
It is warranted to cleanse the blood from al impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY	BLOTCHES,
EOZEMA	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.
It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.
TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
Mr. F. H. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 18, 1908
IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the Family Doctor the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."
Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
ASK FOR
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, July 4.

Consols 2 1/2 per Cent. ... ... 82 7-16+1/16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs— 25-19+0-1-2
Rentes 3 per cent. ... ... 97-3-4—1-4
Berlin Cheques on London ... 20-43 unchgd
Bar Silver Spot.... ... 24-5-8+1-8
Do. 2 months hence.... ... 24-9-16+1-8
Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet.
Rupee Paper 1 1/2 per cent. ... 62 1/2 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight. 1-3-13 1-2 unchgd
(Bank buying rate).
Discount Bank of England Rate 3 per cent. since 9-6-10
3 1/2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)... ... ... 95 3-4+1-4
Oriental Bank Bills 3 months' sight... 1 13-16 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight. 2 1-2 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months... 2 1-2 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months... 3 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... ...
Indian day to-day loans ... ... 1 1-4 unchgd
Do. of day market loans ... 1 1-2—1-8

COTTON.

LONDON, July 4.

	bales.
Cotton Stock in London	.....
Do. Total Visible Supply... ...	1,730,000
Do. Total Visible Supply East Indian	229,000
Do. Quantity in Sight	10,140,000

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) ... 58 1-4
Do. Argentine (La Plata) months July.-Aug.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Buyers, Sellers, &c
Sellers.

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs.
C. I. F. 32 1-4
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Port—London.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Wheat Afloat for United Kingdom ... 2,950,000

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship 41 1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 40 1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs ex-ship... ... ... 38 1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firmer.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 52
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Done.
Tone of Linseed—Firmer.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... ... 9 11 Value.

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F.
India double bags, ... 17-10 1-2
Months of Shipment, July-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Steady.

BOMBAY, JULY 5,

EXCHANGE.

The market opened at 1s. 4 31-32d. for T. T. and Demand and 1s. 4 1-8d. for 3 months' credits.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready...	... 1s. 3 31-32d.
D. D. Mail	... 1s. 4 31-32d.
T. T. Forward	... 1s. 4d. 15 Sept.
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready ...	... 1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 m/s ,, ...	... 1s. 4 1-8d.
,, ,, Forward ...	... 1s. 4 5/32d. Aug.
,, 6 m/s Ready ...	... 1s. 4 1/4d
France 3 m/s ,, ...	... 169 1/2
Marks 3 m/s ,, ...	... 128
60 d/s. Hongkong ...	... 131 1-2
,, Shanghai ...	... 176
,, Japan ...	... 150 1/2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Market remains firm at Rs. 95-6-0.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London was 1-8 up both for ready and forward at 24 5-8 and 24 9-16 and New York was closed.

Locally silver opened at Rs. 72-8-0, and London market having advanced but private advices reported "quiet," our market remained easier and sellers being continued inclined to Rs. 72-6-0 at the close. Demand for ready seemed dull and about 40-50 packages changed hands.

The Gold market remained quiet but steady. Upcountry demand was very dull but locally it seemed moderate, hence prices fluctuated a little. Sovereigns were in demand as usual and prices are well maintained.

We quote :—

GOLD.

	Rs. a. p.
97 Fakirsett	23 7 0
97 Chintu	23 7 0
National Bank ...	24 1 6
Chartered Bank ...	24 0 6
Sovereigns Shield ...	15 4 0
Do. Dragon ...	15 0 0
Australian	24 0 9
English Gold ...	24 0 3
Native Bullion ...	24 0 3
Indian Specie Bank ...	24 0 3

SILVER.

117 1/2 Penny	72 4 0
117 Penny	72 3 0
Local per tola ...	0 11 3

FUTURES.

First Settlement	72 6 0
Second do	72 6 0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Firm. Demand for ready and forward was good and prices advanced by an anna. London prices were 6d. up.

Rapeseed.—Quiet but steady. Very little business is passing and prices remain unchanged. London prices were 3d. up.

Wheat.—Quiet. London market remained unchanged.

Castorseed and Cottonseed.—Steady. Demand moderate and prices were put up by four to eight annas.

Groundnuts, Poppyseed, Mowraseed and Gingellyseed.—Dull. No enquiries at present.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs. 10 14
Linseed, Small ...	... ,, 10 10
RAPESEED—	
Brown Cawnpore ...	... ,, 6 4
Yellow do. ...	... ,, 6 13
Do. Gujarat ...	... ,, 7 0
Poppyseed ...	... ,, 9 12
Castorseed ...	... ,, 38 to 39
Mowraseed... ...	... ,, 8 11
Maize	... ,, 18 to 19
Groundnuts ...	... ,, 42 to 43
Mustardseed ...	... ,, 85 to 95
Gingellyseed ...	... ,, 41 to 53
Khandesh Howri ...	} ,, 48 to 51
Gulburga do, ...	
Kalbur do. ...	
Harsi do, ...	
White Gin, Bold 95/5	} ,, 45 to 49
Do. do do 85/15	
Do. do. do. 75/25...	
Do. Mixed 50/50 ...	
Do. Gin, Small 50/50...	} ,, 42 to 42
Do. do. 85/15...	
Gin, Black Beaver ...	} ,, 42 to 43
Do. do. Gadag ...	
Gin Red Khandwa ...	} ,, 43 to 46
Do. Meggi ...	
Do. Yellow Hingnaghat	} ,, 49 to 53
Do. do. Secunderabad	
Do. do. Gujarat	
Do. Black Kutni	} ,, 41 to 42
Do. Ahmedabad...	
WHEAT—	
Pissi	... ,, 31 to 33
Hard Red... ...	... ,, 30 to 31 8
Cottonseed ...	... ,, 23 to 25

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Monday, 4th July :—

Wheat	...	18,412 cwts
Linseed	...	8,441 ,,
Rapeseed	...	3,638 ,,
Gingellyseed	...	215 ,,
Poppyseed	...	3,396 ,,
Groundnuts... ...	...	387 ,,
Castorseed	...	3,823 ,,
Rice...	...	1,534 ,,
Myrabollams* ...	...	4 649 ,,
Cottonseed	...	6,186 ,,
Mowraseed	...	3,215 ,,
Gram	...	5,987 ,,
Jeowar	...	140 ,,
Maize	...	... ,,

SPINNGS.

Petits were quoted at Rs. 2,842 1-2 and remained at the close at Rs. 2,855.

Davids	...	392 1-2
Framji Petits	...	1,682 1-2
Colaba	...	1,120
Phoenix	...	82 1-2
Qeseema...	...	81
Burma	...	522 1-2
Swadesh	...	1,140
Nagpore...	...	1,710

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	1,497 1-2 1,500
Bank of India	...	68 1-2
Indian Specie Bank — ...	...	56 1-4
Eastern Bank	...	73

COTTON.

Liverpool and American market being closed, our market at Colaba for ready remained steady. Demand both from the mills and exporters seemed moderate as usual and prices advanced by Re. 1 to Rs. 2.

Liverpool Opener received last evening showed 1 to 2 points up. The market for futures remained firm.

Good Broach opened at Rs. 282 but demand, originated a little more, is advanced to Rs. 284 1-2 at the close.

We learn of the following purchases :—

Bales.			Rs.
400	E D Sassoon and Co.	Khandesh ...	237
100	Do	...Karanja ...	240
200	Bussan M K	...Lasur ...	276
100	Do	...Wardha ...	295
200	Currimbhai Mills....	Khandwa ...	255
200	Do	...Neemuch ...	245
200	Do	...Ujjain ...	245
100	Alliance Mills	...Sunawad ...	255
100	Calcutta Mills	...Kalagin ...	255
100	H Goculdas and Co.	Sawgin ...	295
	Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	...	258
	,, F Good	...	262
	Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	274
	,, F Good	...	282
	Sind Punjab Fine	...	274
	,, F Good	...	282
	Khandesh Fine	...	272
	,, F Good	...	282
	Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	...	284
	,, F Good	...	274
	Akola Khangaum Fine	...	282
	,, F Good	...	272
	Amraoti Fine	...	282
	,, F Good	...	272
	Yeotmal Fine	...	286
	,, F Good	...	280
	Nagpore Fine	...	292
	,, F Good	...	282
	Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	297
	,, F Good	...	287
	Methia Fine	...	272
	,, F Good	...	282
	Broach Gin Fine	...	305
	,, F Good	...	295
	Sawginned Good	...	306
	Coompta Ginned	...	304
	Western H. G.	...	295
	Do M G	...	240

FUTURES.

Broach Good	...294 1-2 Mar.
Bengal F G	...216 1-2 Jan.

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Monday, 4th July :—

Khandeish	...	89 Bales
Central India	...	52 ,,
Barsi and Nagur ...	...	326 ,,
Berar	...	... ,,
Central Provinces ...	...	... ,,
Oomras	...	467 ,,
Dholera	...	210 ,,
Broach	...	103 ,,
Coompta and Dharwar ...	...	4,381 ,,
Westerns	...	636 ,,
Bengals (N. W. P.) ...	...	... ,,
Rajputana... ...	...	738 ,,
Sind	...	280 ,,
Persian	...	... ,,
Other sorts	...	... ,,
Total...		6,815 ,,

LIVERPOOL, July 5.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	...Firm
Estimated Sales	5,000
Total Imports	13,000
Future Delivery Prices :—	
July—Aug.	7·50 + 2
Aug.—Sept	7·25 + 2
Sept.—Oct.	6·86 + 1
Oct.—Nov.	6·69 + 2
Nov.—Dec.	6·59 + 1
Dec.—Jan.	6·53 + 1
Jan.—Feb.	6·55 + 2
Feb.—Mar.	6·51 + 1
Mar.—Apl.	6·54 + 2

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp	8 6	... 9 6
Dunkirk	9 0	... 10 0
Havre	9 6	... 10 6
Hull	8 6	.....
Liverpool	8 6	... 9 0
Marseilles	8 6	... 9 0
Genoa	9 6	... 10 6
London	10 0	.....
Hamburg	9 0	... 9 6
Trieste	13 0	... 14 0
Venice... ...	13 0	... 14 0
Open Ports	Aug.	... 9 6
	Sept.	... 10 6
	Oct.	... 12 0
	Nov.	... 13 0
	Dec.	... 14 0

Market steady, slightly better demand.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Monday, July 4.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions.	Sovs. and half Sovs.	Coin, Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Box		2,775	966
2 Boxes		1,845	45,994
Importers.		Vessel.	From
J H E Obadiah ...	...	Arabia	Alexandria
Sundry Importers	...	do	Aden

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY

BY RAIL on 2nd & 3rd July, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	8	9,288
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	79	91,460

GOUT.

6 YEARS CURED.

Mr. James Vick, of Avon Cottage, Batheaston near Bath, England, is well known and highly respected. He writes : "Dear Sirs,—You will remember that about three years ago I called to thank you personally for the good Doan's Backache Kidney Pills had done me. It is now nearly six years since I commenced taking Doan's Pills, and I have never had an attack of the kidney complaint from that time, although I still take a pill now and then as a safeguard, which keeps me all right.

"But for many years I suffered terribly from severe attacks of gout two or three times during each year. Since taking Doan's Backache Kidney Pills I have been entirely free from the gout, and have not suffered as I used to from the severe pains in my back. I surprise all my friends by the good health I enjoy, and I feel better now than I did forty years ago: that is saying good deal, for I am 79 years of age. My friends say I am a wonderful man to do what I do.

"I only hope my testimony will be of help to others. Yours very truly, (Signed) James Vick."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per bottle, or 6 bottles for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

NORWICH UNION LIFE OFFICE.

Annual Meeting.

THE 102nd annual general meeting of the Norwich Union Life Insurance Society was held on Wednesday in the offices in Surrey st. The chairman of the Board of Directors (Mr. Haynes S. Robinson) presided.

ANNUAL REPORT.

The secretary read the annual report, as follows:—The directors have much pleasure in presenting the following statement of the society's operations during the year ending 31st December, 1909, the one hundred and second of the society's existence.

Ordinary Life Business.—The proposals received during the year numbered 10,498 for £5,971,967, of which 1,009 for £892,983 were declined or not completed, while 9,489 policies were issued, insuring £5,079,984 and carrying new premiums of £222,559. Both in the number and amount of new policies, the figures were once more in excess of those of any previous year.

Leasehold and Capital Redemption Insurances.—In addition to the above, the society received the sum of £24,884 1s. 3d. as premiums for Leasehold and Capital Redemption Insurance completed during the year.

Victoria Mutual Society.—As the result of a mutually satisfactory arrangement, the society took over during the year the business of the Victoria Mutual Society, a small but financially strong office founded in 1860.

Income and Funds.—The income for the year was £1,697,114 4s. 3d., and the outgoings (including a provision for every outstanding claim) £909,199 16s. 4d. The difference, £787,914 7s. 11d., constitutes the increase in the funds which at the close of the year amounted to £8,913,915 6s. 11d. The interest, dividends, etc., received during the year amounted to £342,667 19s. 2d. which shows a net return on the mean funds, including all unproductive assets, of £4 2s. 1d. per cent. after deduction of income tax. The amount of the Scottish Imperial Fund at the close of the year was £708,063 4s. 10d., and of the Victoria Mutual Fund £171,542 8s. 4d., making a total for the various funds of £9,793,521 6s. 1d.

Mortality Experience.—During the year 665 policies for £371,729 1s. 5d. (including bonuses) became claims by death, and 207 for £62,308 8s. 4d. by survivance. The former amount has been shown by the usual mortality investigation to be less than the amount expected by £121,150.

Election of Directors.—At the present meeting it is necessary to elect three directors in room of Major F. A. Cubitt, Dr. Sam Barton, and Mr. J. J. Dawson Paul, who retire by rotation under Article 21 of the Laws and Regulations, and who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The Chairman said :—I have considerable satisfaction in asking your attention to some details of the reports which has just been read of the results of the society's 102nd year. In some important respects it is the best report the directors have ever been able to present, and although in one direction an apparent slight reduction in the interest was for the year, to which I shall refer later on, it does not quite come up to the high watermark reached in some recent years taken all round it is as good a report as anyone could reasonably wish for in these not too flourishing times. Firstly in regard to the amount of new business during the year, you will notice that we have at last topped the five million figure in the matter of completed life business. For some years past we have been creeping steadily towards that goal maintaining the four millions which we passed some years ago and adding always a few thousands more towards the fifth million. This year, for instance, our home business is comfortable over 100,000 in excess of last year, while the business from the colonies and abroad has fully held its own. The notable feature however is that for the first time our production has actually exceeded the grand total of £5,000,000. It is all the more creditable to our branch managers and other representatives that this result has been attained by their cordial labours in the old fields and not by any development in new directions. Leasehold and capital redemption insurances form a somewhat fluctuating item in our yearly returns, but it may be of interest to note in passing that the figures for 1909 considerably exceeded those for the previous year. I might refer also, as a matter of interest, to the transfer to the society during the year of the business of the Victoria Mutual Society. After a quiet though sound and successful career of exactly had a century, that society found the struggle for existence in competition with the larger and more strenuous offices a serious task and came to the wise conclusion that the interests of the policyholders would be best safeguarded by an amalgamation with the Norwich Union, while on one side we hope and believe that the connection will prove a valuable one. (Hear, hear.) It is, however, when we come to the paragraph dealing with income and funds that we reach the most striking item in the year's returns. There you will see that the total income for the year practically reached the sum of £1,700,000 (of which I am sure you will be interested to note that premiums alone, for the first time in the society's history, exceeded one million sterling), while the total outgo was very little over £900,000. Thus we were able to put by during the year, no less than £787,000. Of course as our business continues to grow, we may look for increasing yearly additions to our funds, though this is to some extent counteracted by the larger amount which has to be paid in claims. In the past year, however, we have been able to add an exceptionally large sum to our funds, which, at December last very nearly reached the ten millions figure, and would, I have no doubt, if the accounts were made up to this afternoon, be shown to have now passed it. (Hear, hear.) I am sure you will agree with me that this is by no means an insignificant achievement, especially when you recollect as I do, that surely twenty years ago the total funds were less than £2,000,000, and moreover showed a nasty tendency to go down rather than up. One factor in connection with the specially large addition to the funds during last year, was our favourable mortality experience and you have heard from the report, that the actual claims of the year were less than those expected by £121,000.

In my opening remarks I touched on the item of interest earned during the year, viz., £4 2s. 1d. per cent. net. In ordinary circumstances one might have been inclined to regard this as a very satisfactory rate, especially as it is calculated on agents' balances, remiums in course of collection, and all other unproductive assets and as it is a net figure after deduction of income tax, and I might add that it compares favourably with the experience of other offices; but it certainly shows a drop from our own experience of the previous year. This is almost entirely due to what might be described as extra stringent book-keeping methods, the benefit of which will be felt when we come—as we shall very shortly do—to the next quinquennial valuation. This brings me to say—though, I confess it is difficult to realise the fact—that we are now entering on the last year of the current quinquenium, at the close of which we make our great stock-taking valuation, and calculate the amount of reserve is necessary to set aside for our liabilities, and the amount of profit available for distribution in the way of bonus. We can only hope that as the result we may be able to place before you as favourable a quinquennial report as we did in 1906. (Applause.) Meanwhile, I think, we can, without hesitation, congratulate ourselves on the report for the year 1909, and I now have pleasure in moving its adoption, along with the printed and duly audited accounts attached thereto. (Applause.)

Sir Peter Eade, seconded the motion, and it was carried.

Mr. C. A. Bathurst Bignold moved that Major Cubitt, Mr Barton, and Mr. J. J. Dawson Paul be re-elected directors.

Mr. Cecil Muriel, seconded the motion, and it was carried.

Major Cubitt, in responding, said he had been seventeen years on the Board of Directors, and that was the seventh time he had been elected. In 1893 the first general meeting that he attended as a director, the total funds were barely £2,000,000. They were now within £300,000 or £10,000,000. The total premiums collected in 1893 were under £200,000, they were now over £1,000,000. But they must not be too optimistic, for such a huge accretion of funds involved greatest responsibility, and the need for much care. There had been great financial changes in the last year or two, and it was becoming more and more difficult for the directors to find investment, for the very large fund, now placed in their trust. The policy-holders might rest assured that the directors exercised every possible care in making their investments and in all ways did their best to safeguard the interests of the society. (Hear, hear.)

A MOVEABLE Dreadnought dock, which will cost £500,000, is being constructed at Kiel, the Baltic headquarters of the German navy.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

MESSRS. Tata and Co.'s Liverpool friends, writing on June 14, says :—We confirm our respects of 7th instant since when our market has fluctuated but little.

During the greater part of the week there was a large demand for spot cotton, the daily sales reaching 18,000 bales. Since Saturday, however, this has fallen off somewhat, and there is an idea that Lancashire is now well supplied for the near future. Some even assert that the crucial point of the scarcity will be easily tided over, until the new crop begins to come in.

For our part, we are inclined to doubt this. Our stock has fallen to 478,300 bales, and the visible supply, 1,653,000 bales is the smallest for many years.

If the Lancashire spinning industry were in a state of apathy, this would not be so alarming, but such is not the case, for, with the wages dispute out of the way, and no organised short time, there is an active consumption going on. The Board of Trade has shown month by month how great progress is being made in nearly all directions of British Industry, cotton having been hampered only by the shortage of raw material. Our Manchester correspondent, who is particularly well informed in these matters, writes us :— "The June returns of the Board of Trade (early in July) will be as good as those recently published for the actual shipments for the month of May, so I hear, which means, of course, of that trade goes on constantly."

The state of things in Europe and America appears less satisfactory, and a friend on the other side of the Atlantic, influenced possibly by the closing of mills at Fall River, writes :—

"I fail to see much in the old crop at the tremendous premium over new. The statistical situation in your market does not appear to me stronger than it was two years ago when J.-A. never went to a higher premium than 75 points over O.-N. and went out at a much lighter premium. There will be plenty of new crop cotton in July." Dealing with the position in Liverpool, however, we cannot but maintain our favourable opinion of J.-A.

As mentioned in our last letter, we knew of many brokers who have bought J/A futures, and intend to take them up, simply because it is the cheapest cotton in the world. As our friends are aware, J/A delivery here is some 0.40d. cheaper than in New York, and the current month of futures is 0.35d. cheaper than Middling on the spot. To take up the dockets and sell on the spot, means, of course, an outlay of capital, but for those who are prepared to finance such an operation we think it ought to yield a very good result.

One thing which confirms this idea is the fact that so little has yet been done in new crop shipments. In previous years spinners had by this time made large contracts for shipment up to J/F, but at present the trade seems to be hesitating, and watching crop developments.

And then the crop is undoubtedly late, as the following extracts from our latest mail advices will show :—

"Pine Bluff, Ark. :—The crop is now 3 to 4 weeks late, and about 2 to 4 inches high with about 30 per cent. chopped out, which is practically first of May condition."

"Montgomery Ala. :—At present the crop is fully three weeks late, but two conditions in its favour are absence of grass and excellent cultivation. June conditions, as a rule, are always favourable, consequently, flattering June conditions really mean very little, whereas unfavourable June conditions mean a great deal."

"Natchez, Miss :—Crop fully 2 weeks late. Weather has been very unfavourable, but it is now warm, just right to bring out a late crop."

"Baton Rouge, La. :—Crop 3 weeks late. Some weevil reports already."

The general condition in texas seems to be very satisfactory. In the Eastern and Gulf States heavy rains have been reported by cable the last few days, but, with good temperatures, these should do no harm.

In view of these conditions, we prefer to await further developments before expressing any definite opinion of new crops. The only thing we can say with any confidence at present, is to repeat that J.-A. for those who are prepared to take up the cotton and resell on the spot ought to be a very profitable transactions.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

This growth has declined some points on the week.

Spinners have been buying larger quantities of spot cotton here, but we are afraid this cannot be taken to indicate any improvement in Bolton. The "Oldham Chronicle," in fact, reports that some mills in the South Lancashire districts are closing altogether.

In Egypt the summer season is of course beginning, and the principal operators are leaving for the Europe, so that we are not likely to see any activity there for some time. As a matter of fact, our Alexandra correspondent writes :—

"You can understand that the quantity of information we can give you about the market is diminishing in proportion to the falling off in our stock."

With regard to the new crop, while the weather is satisfactory, a special telegram to the "Egyptian Gazette" states that many cotton fields in the Dakahlieh and other districts have been attacked by the cotton worm. What is more to be feared, however, is the weevil, because this insect cannot be detected until August, when its ravages become apparent from the refusal of the pods to ripen, and the damage is beyond repair.

On the whole, therefore, the outlook is contradictory. Looking at the statistical position and crop outlook, one would naturally expect an advance. With trade so unsatisfactory, however, and speculation quiescent, there is nothing at present to support an upward movement in prices.

J-A :—7. 62d.
O-N :—6. 64d.
N-D :—6. 55d.
J-F :—6. 49d.

Options: nominal for small quantities (exceedingly difficult to trade in).

O-N, single 0·50d. double 1·00d.
J-F, ,, 0·50d, ,, 1·00d.

EGYPTIAN :—

July, Liverpool :—12·39-64d.
November, ,, 10·39-64d.
July, Alexandria :—Tall. 24·12-32.
November, ,, Tall. 20·10-32.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	2	0	7
B Mandvi, Chukla, Gomerkhadi and Dungri	0	0	10
C Market Dhobi Talao, Panaswady, Shuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	7	4	19
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	5
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	5	4	32
F Parel, Sewree and Sion...	0	0	5
G Mahim and Worli	3	3	12
Harbour.....	0	0	1
Hospital	0	0	4
Total.....	17	11	95
This day last year	2	2	68

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

July 5th 1910.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	84	14	3
B	147	56	3
C	98	94	7
O	102	43	8
D	110	83	3
E	115	10	0
E	86	50	5
F	47	0	0
G	37	3	0
Total ...	826	353	28
Total killed to date rats	...	...	1,184

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says : "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition. Deliciously perfumed, Chemists, Grocers, &c., sell it.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for very additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

WHITEHEAD—June 27, at Rookcliffe, Mussoorie, the wife of Captain James Whitehead, 1st Brahmans, of a son.

DEATHS.

BERRIE—June 24, at Quetta, Baluchistan, of enteric, Eleanor Fleetwood, wife of J G Berrie, Superintendent of Telegraphs.

WERNICKE—June 26, at "Orchid Lee," Darjeeling, Rachel Hannah, wife of F J Wernicke.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 6m.; Sun sets, 7h. 20m. High water, 115-13m., 10-54s.; Low water, 4-6m; 5-12s. Bombay Standing Committee, 4-19 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph. "Why Girls Leave Home." Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p. m.

Maxim : "Be satisfied with your business and learn to appreciate what you were trained in."—MARCUS AURELIUS.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Devanha," with the English Mails of the 24th ultimo, which left Aden at 3 p.m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday next.

DHUNJIBHOY HADLIEE ALMSLESS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of June was 632, of which there were 96 males, 221 females, and 322 children.

A MILL STRIKE.—Jacob Sasseon mill-hands belonging to the Card and Frame department, about 300 in number, have struck work since Monday afternoon. They want more wages.

FATAL SNAKE BITE.—On Monday night at 10 p.m Sucearam Krishna (30). a Hindu, was going down a path leading to Pedder Road, when he was bitten by a snake above the heel of the right foot. He died within two hours.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Seychelles, Reunion, Tomative, Madagascar Ports, Lamu, Mombasa, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, and Comoro Islands, per s.s. "Markgraf," will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 a. m. on Saturday, the 9th July.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.—An adjourned meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of Bombay was held last evening in the Trust Buildings, Esplanade Road, Mr. J. C. Orr, I.C.S., presiding. The Board disposed of several applications for the lease of plots on the Trust Estate.

THE MEHER CHARITABLE DISPENSARY, MAZAGON.—The total number of patients treated during the month of June 1910 was 2,603, the daily average being 86, new admissions 673, classified as follows :—Parsees 290, Hindoos 1,516, Mahomedans 585, Christians 242. 42 children were vaccinated this month.

NEW POST OFFICE.—A new experimental Town Sub-Post and Telegraph Office called "Cumballa Hill," is opened in the Malabar Hill Postal District, near Messrs. Kemp and Co., from the 1st instant. The office transacts business of all classes and is a no delivery office.

RATANSI MULJI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—During the month of June the number of Hindu patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 2,825. Among them the number of new admissions was 602, classified as stated below :—Men 323, women 115, children 164 : total 602. The average daily attendance was 94.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.—At the weekly meeting of the Society to be held this evening at 5-30 p.m. (B.T.) at the Dadysett Agiary Hall, Fort, Mr. M. N. Dastur's exposition of Gatha Ushtavaiti, Chap. I (Yasna XLIII), verse 12, will be discussed, after which Mr. S. N. Kanga, B.A., will read a paper on "The Desire of Union with the Beautiful in Religion."

DEATH OF AGA SAMSHUDIN SHAH.—According to the news received in Bombay, Aga Samshudin Shah, a cousin of his Highness the Aga Khan died in England on Sunday last. The deceased was popular on the turf and suffering from heart disease. He was advised to go to England. He went there in April last and in spite of the best medical assistance he could not recover. He leaves behind him a widow, daughter of Aga Mustapha Khan, and a large circle of friends.

RASH TAXI-DRIVER.—A report is made to the police that at 10 p.m. on Saturday last a hack victoria No. 1453 was standing on the Hornby Vellard when a taxi-cab came along without any warning and dashed into it smashing one of the rear wheels. The animal took fright and bolted. The victoria then collided with a huge tree and was completely smashed ; the horse was injured too. Police on inquiry have been able to ascertain that the taxi-driver was John B. Beale who had left the cab in the depot at 11 p.m. that night. The mudguards and bonnet of the taxi were bent or broken.

SIR MANGALDAS GIRLS' SCHOOL.—Pursuant to instructions conveyed in the letter of the Acting Deputy Educational Inspector, Bombay, the Proclamation and Declaration of H. M. King George V. was read on Monday morning to the pupils of the Sir Mangaldas Nathubhai Girls' School, Pydhoni, Bombay, in the presence of Sheth Tribhovandas Mangaldas Nathubhai, Chairman of the Board of Trustees and other members. The girls had all turned out in holiday attire. The proceedings were opened by Sheth Tribhovandas Mangaldas in a short speech in Gujarati breathing sentiments of deep loyalty to the British Throne. The Head Mistress of the School then read the Proclamation and Declaration. A programme of music, arranged by the music master of the School, was performed and ended with the National Anthem. The School was closed for the day in honour of the occasion.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 6th July.

507. Rifle Meeting.—The Bengal Punjab Rifle Meeting will be held at Meerut from 9th to 19th November 1910. Programme may be seen at Head-Quarters.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

THE "announcement" that the ex-Sultan of Turkey has discovered a talent for painting is rather belated. At Yildiz Kiosk Abdul Hamid dabbled largely in oil colours, and covered yards of canvas with his attempts at landscape. He was more successful at pottery, of which he turned out some really creditable specimens. The mechanical arts always attracted him. Proofs of his skill at cabinet making may still be seen in some rooms of his former residences, which were elaborately panelled by his own hands, and he also tried his hand at watchmaking with some degree of success. In the last years of his reign he became an ardent student of chemistry, with the view, it is said, of being in a position to analyse the food and drink set before him.

HIGH COURT.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice N. C. Macleod presided yesterday, at a sitting of the Third Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court.

CHEATING BY PERSONATION.

His Lordship and a common jury resumed the hearing of the case in

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Redbreast .....Comdr Shute.....H M S
H M S Perseus ..*.....Comdr Beaty Powell.....H M S
H I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
H I M S Hardinge.....Comdr Farewell.....H I M
H I M S Northbrook...Comdr J Marsack.....H I M S
H I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....H I M
H I M S Investigator ..Comdr W Y Beauchamp..... Survey Street
H I M S Palinurus...Comdr Taylor.....H I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 5.

Rame	1899	Barrand ...Shaw...Wallace & Co
Oleanella	2988	Robinson ...Andrew Yuel & Co
Cawno	3155	Falla .....W&A Graham & Co
Colombo Maru	2919	Combes .....N Y Kaisha
Den of Ruthven	3110	Thomson ...Killick Nixon & Co
Folmuna	2546	Eyken.....
Gresham	2447	Thompson...W&A Graham & Co
Harpenden	2302	Cromack ...Andrew...Yuel & Co
Linga	951	Carbush .....M M & Co
Inegna	772	Maude.....M M & Co
Naimi	2522	Hallet .....E & A M Jeswanji
Nowshera	1961	Rose.....M M & Co
Orissa	3525	Kedslie.....M M & Co
Rahmania	1872	Coats .....B & P S N & Co
Shah Jehan	2566	Born .....B & H S N & Co
Saifi	502	Willoughley...B & H S N & Co
Springburn	3173	Crosthwaite...W&A Graham & Co
Strathden	2840	Mason .....Shaw Wallace &Co
Strathairly	2783	MacMahon ...W & A G & Co
Vadala	2164	Ramage .....M M & Co
Gerd	751	Anderson ...F F Campbell & Co
Lowther Range	2408	Mathews.....
Kalibia	3149	Stewart .....W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 5.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Chybassa	3991	Wadge	Antwerp	9-7	M M & Co
DAE Clan Cumming	3107	Gourlay	Tuticorin	7 7	James Finlay & Co
F Himalaia	3152	Seppinich	Hamburg	10 7	T Morrison & Co
G Hooscines	944	Hughes	Zanzibar	9 7	B & P S N Co
H Naseri	911	Lemare	P Gulf	9 7	B & P S N & Co
K Sandsend	6480	Clark	M'borough	7 7	W & A Graham & Co
M Salsette	2301	Lewallin	Aden	9 7	P & O S N Co
O Dunrobin	2319	Parlett	Dunkirk	16 7	W & A Graham & Co
P Sparta	1728	Tutt	Hamburg	8 7	W & A Graham & Co
Q Radiant	1845	Smart	Philadelphia	8 7	B A Willis

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Trieste	3203	Nitsche	N F	A L S N & Co
2	Circassia	4326	Osborne	Liverpool	19 7 W & A Graham & Co
3	D Balduino	2634	Roushi	Genoa	15 7 Florio & Rubattino S N Co
4	Markgraf	2325	Timm	Zanzibar	3 7 A Strandis & Co
5	Magdala	3133	Limond	Rotterdam	8 7 J Mackintosh & Co
6	Saudon Hall	3293	Haddy	Karachi	9 7 K Nixon & Co
7	Oceana	3155	Ryder	Antwerp	16 7 J Mackintosh & Co
8	Ockenfels	3542	Denker	Hamburg	13 7 W & A Graham & Co
9	Ula	3426	Scott	Java	8 7 M M & Co
10&11	Assaye	4359	Jones	Shanghai	6 7 P & O S N & Co
12&13	Arabia	4198	Palmer	London	16 7 P & O S N & Co
14	Damra	762	Manley	Karachi	8 7 M M & Co
15	Fakhri	2555	Revill	Mauritius	9 7 B & H S N Co
16	Golpara	1359	Owen	Busreh	11 7 M M & Co

Offside Q

Nairang	2862	Crebbin	Calcutta	9 7	T Morrison & Co

Offside O

Upada	3382	Witsher	Rangoon	12 7	M M & Co H W P D
Bahaduri	329	Fakeera	Karachi	5 7	Bo S N Co Ld
Indravati	513	Fakeera	S'nagar	5 7	Bo S N Co Ld
Saraswati	443	Ahmed	Marmagoa	6 7	Bo S N Co Ld
Ponani	552	Hoosein	N F	6 7	Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati	699	Cassam	Karachi	8 7	Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Mahomed	N F	N F	Bo S N Co Ld

50 Ton Crane

Kassra	505	Elton	Busreh	7 7	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
5	Goalpara s	Owen	Bushva, June 23
	D Balduino s	Ranchi	Genoa, June 18
	Colombo Maru s	Combes	Kobe, June 5

The following vessels obtain his portclearance on Tuesday :—
Steamer Assaye, Jones, Shanghai.

The following vessels began to load on Tuesday :—
Steamer Circassia, for Liverpool, etc.
" Kalibia, for Liverpool, etc.
" Goalpara, for Persian Gulf.

MADRAS.

28 ARRIVALS.

	Peter Jebsen	Calcutta
	Blackwell	London
29	Clan Lindsay	Liverpool
30	Clan Lamont	Coast
	Uganda	Rangoon
July 2	Kyofels	Bremen
	Manin	Venice
	Lalpeera	Bombay

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 5.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—153 casks skins, Nizamudin and Co; 1,511 cwts myrabollams, W Bechar 4,180 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji; 200 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 64 bales wool, N Khatav; 9 bales silk waste, Killick Nixon and Co; 1,007 cwts myrabollams, G Madhawji and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—91 cwts buffalo horns, G Suchedina and Co; 91 cwts buffalo horns and 140 cwts deer horns, J M Rahimtoola; 2,100 cwts myrabolams, G Madhawji and Co; 4,000 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji; 4,000 cwts cottonseed, W Bechari 65 cwts buffalo horns, R Fazul; 100 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Circassia s—29 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia—100 bales cotton and 1,000 cwt linseed, Volkert Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Circassia s—500 bales cotton, Volkert Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Circassia s—400 casks skins, C J Mathew and Co 616 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR PORT SAID.

Sandsend s—12,052 cwt cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Himalaia s—802 cwt mustardseed, A Blaschek and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Magdala s—84 cwt rapeseed and 2,000 cwt linseed, Killick Nixon and Co; 2,000 cwt linseed and 2,000 cwt rapeseed, L Drefuse and Co; 50 cwt cashewnuts, R Jeswandas and Co; 100 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co; 385 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.

Chybassa s—400 cwt rapeseed, 2,000 cwt linseed and 4,460 cwt castorseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HAMBURG.

Himalaia s—20 bales hemp, R Muncherji and Co 146 bales hemp, F Khoopchand 220 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 500 cwt myrabolams, 97 cwt olibanum and 99 cwt gum, S Cooverji and Co.

Okenfels s—16 bales hides, Nizamudin and Co; 8,046 cwt myrabolams, W Bechar 2,000 cwt myrabolams, A Khimji.

FOR GENOA.

Oceana s—1,000 cwt castorseed, A Blaschek and Cos; 1,060 cwt rapeseed and 1,000 cwt linseed, Killick Nixon and Co; 7,260 cwt rapeseed, 13,000 cwt linseed, 2,000 cwt teaseed, 200 cwt castorseed and 1,223 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 bales hemp, D M Dossegji and Co; 400 bales cotton, J A Bagbie and Co; 400 bales cotton, H Gosaldas and Co; 100 bales cotton The Bombay and Co Ltd.

FOR MONTREAL.

Circassia s—37 casks skins, Towner and Co.

FOR BOSTON.

Circassia s—6 casks skins, Towner and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Assaye s—50 bales twist, C Bhawanidas.

THE ROYAL GOOD HOPE ESPLANADE BAR,
WITH
JOHN ROBERTS BILLIARD SALOON,
BY
OLD PARSEE GEORGE,
REMOVED after 22 years from the 1st Esplanade Cross Lane to the new 3rd ESPLANADE CROSS LANE, opposite to the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company.
McEWAN'S
ENGLISH PALE ALE ON DRAUGHT.
Near Crawford Market.
A few minutes' walk from Tramway Line.
Wine, &c., of the best quality.
Charges comparatively very moderate.
PROPRIETOR :—C. P. OOMRIGUR.

FRESH FLOWERS.
BEST FLORAL TRIBUTES on funeral occasions. Wreaths, Crosses, Bridal bouquets of Orange Blossoms and Sprays. Bouquets, Garlands, Fancy Floral Baskets, Cut Flowers, Button-holes, Pads to orders. Fruit, Flowering and Foliage plants, palms, etc. PRICES MODERATE. Orders received day and night.
SORABJEE A. M. ERANEE,
Adelphi Hotel Compound, Clare Road,
Near Parsee Statue, Byculla.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.
LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.
HEAD OFFICES:—
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FOR
STYLE, CUT AND FINISH,
AND OUR SHOWROOMS ARE REPLETE
With the Season's
NOVELTIES.
DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING,
HIGH CLASS GOODS
AT MODERATE PRICES,
and we place the resources of
A REGENT STREET HOUSE
AT YOUR SERVICE
STANLEY, HUMPHREYS & CO.
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BOMBAY.

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INCLUDING
ENTERIC FEVER
INSURED AGAINST BY
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,
One of the Oldest and Wealthiest Accident Companies.
PREMIUMS FOR FULLEST BENEFITS
£6 or £7 per annum.
INDIAN AGENTS :
MESSRS. KING KING & CO.,
BOMBAY.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.
FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg	6 8 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg	4 12 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg	4 3 0	per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

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On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.
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MARCKS & CO.
SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.
WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.
MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.
Wednesday, 6th July, 1910.

LORD KITCHENER: WHAT WILL BE DONE WITH HIM?

"What shall we do with him?" is a question, "National Defence," the organ which has for its object the maintenance of an efficient army, asks concerning Lord Kitchener. It points out that Lord Kitchener has returned to England as one who is a past master in the act of economical administration. In Egypt he built up an army on a budget far smaller than that of many a wealthy man. In India he rescued the army from an administrative hierarchy which was a standing detriment to its efficient and economical administration, and thereby nearly doubled its effectiveness for war. In Australia and New Zealand he first turned his organising genius to the problem of citizen armies and "what he has done for Australasia he has now to do for South Africa. He has also to straighten out the complicated problem of our hold upon the Mediterranean, a problem which involves the very closest understanding between the Army and the Fleet, and may also at any moment have to do with relation in Egypt." This was, of course, written before Lord Kitchener had definitely declined the Mediterranean command, so the question what to do with him remains unanswered. But that does not dismay "National Defence" which has an alternative proposal to put forth. Our contemporary considers it no reflection on Mr. Haldane, to whose originating powers and breadth of view we already owe so much, if it suggests to him in his known anxiety that Lord Kitchener's great talent and unquenchable energy shall not be wasted, that the time has now arrived when the details of the training and administration of the Territorial scheme generally should be submitted to the impartial examination and experienced verdict of Lord Kitchener. We do not know that Lord Kitchener would care very much for such duties and can easily understand that after so many years of strenuous activity he would not prefer to be permitted a little leisure. We have reason to know that the prospect of the Mediterranean command, even with the inspection of the troops in all parts of the Empire, except India, and two or three months a year with the Army Council had no attractions for him and it was never anything but an open secret that he would decline the Mediterranean command, sharing, as he did, the views of the Duke of Connaught on that subject.

On the question of Home Defence it is certain Lord Kitchener's views will soon be sought and it may be he will be asked to overhaul the scheme. In so doing the Territorial Forces will naturally come under his ken. By those who would at once have the aid of our late Commander-in-Chief it is pointed out that the Territorial Army has now been in existence for two years and it is beginning to be possible to measure the progress that has been made. "National Defence" complains that the progress has not been rapid enough. We have, indeed, advanced, it says, "but little further than the stage of skeleton organisation, and while the skeleton framework is sound the flesh is neither sufficient in quantity, nor in quality as flood-blooded as it certainly ought to be. Perhaps the most disquieting sign of all is the slowness with which the establishments are filling up and the serious extent to which recruits are hanging back." When Mr. Haldane referred to the subject in the House of Commons the prospect was brighter than it turned out to be six weeks later, for, it seems, for every hundred men enrolled by a County Association since the beginning of the year, at least seventy old hands have resigned and a nett gain, which looked encouraging enough at the time of Mr. Haldane's reference, has, in very many counties, been so discounted as to be almost unnoticeable. Another point is the fact that notwithstanding a grant of not less than £3,165,000 for the current year, the Force is being starved in every direction and there is nothing like sufficient money either for training or equipment.

If Lord Kitchener were invited to devote his energies to putting the Territorials on a satisfactory basis, he might be able to do all that is desired at the same expenditure as is now found inadequate, judging from what he achieved in Egypt and India. So impatient have some of the County Associations become, that their members are resigning in despair, being unable to get drill-halls. In many respects, we are assured, the financial position of the Associations is alarming and makes it quite impossible for them to provide funds for the numberless and urgent requirements of the units for which they are responsible. It is "greatly to be feared that as a result of War Office inaction and its unwillingness or inability to ask for the additional money that is necessary, the efficiency and war readiness are daily cast to the winds and make-believe is resuming that position in the order of the day which it so long enjoyed to the detriment of the old Yeomanry and Volunteers." The money placed in the hands of commanding officers for training purposes is not sufficient to enable them to bring their forces to a state of efficiency and, writes "National Defence," it would "surely be better to have no Territorial Army at all than to have one in which, for financial reasons, neither men nor officers can be allowed to train—not indeed as much as they should, but merely as much as they can. The War Office wants twenty shillings' worth of work for the payment of half a crown. If Lord Kitchener can show them how to do it, it will be worth their while asking him. If he can make Territorial bricks without War Office straw the sooner they ask him to begin the better. Meantime the Territorial Forces, from whom so much is expected in regard to Home Defence, is declining and strenuous efforts must be put forth to prevent this and to resuscitate the movement. As a military administrator there is no man who more completely commands the confidence of the country than Lord Kitchener and if he took upon himself the responsibility of overhauling and furnishing up the Territorials there is little doubt he would succeed. Better still would be his permanent association with the Army Council, but as "Punch" observed in welcoming him—We have no room for strong men just now. Room had better be found for him that he may prepare England for the business of defence in anticipation of a war which notwithstanding Hague Conferences, may break upon us when least we expect it.

INCREASING TRADE AT BAGHDAD.

THE port of Baghdad is becoming an increasingly important consumer of British produce, and there appears to be in the hinterland a field for development which has considerable promise for the future. Recent advices show that British firms are becoming alive to this fact, and signs of action by the Turkish authorities to encourage the industrial activity of the natives suggest, that the demand for foreign produce may grow faster than might otherwise be expected. Of course, a great deal of the goods which is discharged at the port of Baghdad is not required for local consumption, but is transported overland to Persia. But while the internal disturbances in that country have prejudicially affected this trade, all reports seem to show that the local demand is rapidly improving. Thus the total trade of the port during 1909 was nearly half a million pounds greater in value than during the previous year, and the advance was most noticeable at the end of the year. This year a very good harvest is expected around Baghdad and in the neighbouring vilayets, and the people may be expected to have plenty of money to spend on the Manchester goods for instance, of which they appear so fond. This trade is in the hands of local Jews, who have buyers in London and Manchester, and whose connection is so well established that the British position in regard to cotton goods, may be regarded as safe for some years to come. In other branches of trade, however, foreigners are keenly alive to the situation and any new opening which may occur will be made the occasion for keen competition. Agricultural machinery is likely to be in increased demand in the near future. The Director of Agriculture which the Turkish Government recently appointed is believed to have recommended an Agricultural Bank and an Agricultural School, while the extensive irrigation schemes which are in progress under the direction of Sir William Willcocks will give a wide scope for his efforts. The importance of the market which will have come into existence may be judged by the extent of the lands, millions of acres in area, which will be made available for cultivation. French and German firms are already seeking to establish themselves in this trade. Indian imports of coarse cottons have recently shown a falling off, but there appears to be no reason to fear that this will be a permanent feature. The Kurds and the peasant class generally find no attraction in clothes of fine texture, but prefer the Indian coarse unbleached cloth on account of its greater durability. One sign of the commercial progress of the district is to be seen in the agitation in Baghdad for a new Customs-house. The present one is one of the oldest buildings in the city and in the days of Haroun-el-Raschid it was a university. Its students' cells and narrow passages are as inconvenient as any thing could be for the rapid handling of large quantities of goods. Other proposals are to build iron bridges for the old bridge of boats, and to institute public tramways. It is somewhat reassuring to hear that British firms are showing greater enterprise, although in the same sentence the establishment of new branches by several foreign merchants is recorded.

AJMERE-MERWARA.

IN consequence of the present policy of the Government of India towards the trade in opium, the importation of that commodity from Ajmere-Merwara into Bombay may be regarded as having ceased. Poppy cultivation in that district has been considerably reduced, causing a fall in the Government receipts from opium from Rs. 53,100 in 1907-8 to Rs. 26,286 in 1908-9, and the only exportation was that of 173 chests to the Punjab. There was none for Bombay nor for the North-West Frontier Province. On the other hand, the receipts from hemp drugs in the district showed a small increase, having risen from Rs. 11,354 to Rs. 12,670. Cultivation generally showed an improvement. The rainfall was far above normal, the average for the year being 32·38 inches compared with 21 inches in a typical year. The Commissioner, Colonel Stratton, reports that this excessive rain did some damage to the kharif crop, but with good rabi crop and other produce doing well, there was a large increase in revenue from two lakhs 76 thousand to three lakhs 97 thousand, while the payment of arrears showed some improvement. The gross receipts from excise, opium and drugs amounted to Rs. 2,48,483 compared with Rs. 2,28,791 for the previous year showing an increase of Rs. 16,692. The reorganisation of the Excise Department was the principle official event of the year, and the changes included the introduction of the contract supply system of Madras, the enhancement of still-head duty, the issue of licenses for tapping tari trees and vending, and the way of a higher scale of license fees for the wholesale and retail vend of foreign spirit and foreign fermented liquor. The additional staff, which was required, and the reorganisation raised the expenses of the department, but there was still an increased profit on the year's working. Following the wishes of the Government of India, the fullest opportunity was given to Municipal and Cantonment Committees to express their opinion in regard to the number and location of country liquor shops, but practically no change was made in consequence.

A PREFERENCE TO CEYLON.

THE recent preferential action which the Government of India has taken in favour of Ceylonese tobacco planters, who send Jaffna tobacco to Travancore and Coshin, is causing the tea-planters of Southern India to ask with some indignation why they should be treated so severely, when they send their wares to Ceylon. The increased taxation of tobacco which was recently imposed applied originally as much to Ceylonese products as to imports from home, but in response to the strong representations of Sir Henry McCallum, the Government of India has consented to allow the Jaffna tobacco, which is largely used in Travancore and Cochin, to be admitted to those States under the old conditions—that is duty-free. Two provisos only are made that the importation shall not exceed the average annual consumption of the past, and that smuggling into British India shall be prevented. It is stated that as regards the measures to be adopted to secure the latter end, communications are being made by the Government of India to the Government of Madras. The Southern India tea-planters will now have every right to ask why some consideration cannot be given to the representations, which they have urged on more than one occasion. Indian tea which is exported to Ceylon is charged a duty of four annas per lb. or about 75 per cent. of its value. On the other hand Ceylon tea coming to India pays only five per cent., and Indian planters have often but without success urged either that India should increase her duties or Ceylon should give India a preference. Any idea of a preference appears to have at once been smothered by the Colonial Office, who will not hear of such a thing. But in the face of the favourable terms which India has just conceded to the tobacco-planters, Ceylon can scarcely ignore another appeal, and a request which was strongly urged by both India and Ceylon, might meet with a more fortunate reception at Whitehall.

IT is currently rumoured that Mr. J. H. Du Boulay, C.I.E., I.C.S., the able Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Political Department, will be appointed Private Secretary to the new Viceroy.

MAJOR O'KINEALY, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Simla, proceeds on four months' leave and comes out as Surgeon to Sir Charles Hardinge.

MR. ZAURAHMAD, Secretary, London Muslim League, arrived in Bombay on Friday, and was received by influential Musulmans. He was garlanded by Moulana Malak of Nagpur. On Saturday, the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy gave a dinner in his honour in the Orient Club. On Monday, the Islam Club gave him a dinner. He reaches Allahabad on Thursday evening.

HEAVY rains have fallen throughout Russia and have dispelled the fears for the wheat harvest.

A SUM of £10,000 has been raised in aid of the Boy Scouts movement, in England. The fund has been closed.

A MINISTERIAL Committee at St. Petersburg has approved of the construction of a Southern Siberian Railway via Orsk, Akmolinsk, Semipalatinsk, and Barnaul. The scheme is estimated to cost £17,000,000.

THE Allen liner "Hesperian," which recently arrived in the Clyde from Montreal and Quebec, accomplished the fastest passage ever recorded between Montreal and the Clyde. Her time was six days seven hours.

THE Admiralty have placed orders for twenty destroyers in this year's programme. Fourteen are to be of the Acorn class; in the case of the other six the contractors have been allowed a larger latitude in design and machinery. The speed of all the vessels will, however, be the same, 27 knots; and they will all carry a similar armament, two 4in. guns and a number of 12-pounders.

MAJOR-GENERAL A. D. DENNISS, late of the Bengal Art, has died in Dublin. He was the second son of the late Colonel G. G. Denniss, C.B., of the Bengal Art, and obtained his first commission, in 1845, serving in the Punjab campaign of 1848-49, for which he received the medal. He obtained the substantive rank of lieutenant-colonel in 1872, and retired in 1878 with the honorary rank of major-general.

The gun-laying tests carried out by the ships of the Home Fleet have produced a record performance on the part of the turret's crew of marines on the new battleship "Temeraire." Firing with 12in. guns at a target 14ft. square at 2,000 yards range, they shot eight rounds in the remarkable time of 1min. 21secs. and actually obtained seven hits. Admiral Sir William May, Commander-in-Chief of the Home Fleet, personally congratulated the officers and men concerned.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

ATHLETIC VISITORS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, JUNE 17.

SEVERAL famous over-seas athletes will be in England shortly, and this will help make the season of 1910 a memorable one. The latest arrivals are: J. Donaldson (the wonderful Australian sprinter), P. B. Quinlan (cyclist), and E. R. Terry, the manager for Donaldson. The writer had an interesting chat with the three Australians at Stamford Bridge the day following their arrival. All three impress one as through sportsmen, and a credit to professionalism. Donaldson is modest in his manner, and from his conversation, it is easy to see that his chief ambition is to be recognised as a straight goer. He modestly said nothing about his ability, but his manager was more outspoken, and said he was ready to back Donaldson to run any man in the world from 100 yards to 600 yards. As Nat Cartmell of America will be in England this summer, the Australians hope he will make a match with Donaldson, who is anxious to meet the conqueror of A. B. Postle at 220 yards. The writer mooted the question of Donaldson's ability to run 100 yards in 10 secs. and half a mile in 2mins. which a scribe on the "Sporting Chronicle" scoffed at recently. The visitors would like the opportunity to tackle the task and if anyone—comes forward as the backer of time, no doubt we shall see an interesting race.

AMATEUR SPRINTERS.

R. E. Walker says he is improving and also that he is very anxious to regain his best pace in view of the visit of Ramsdell of Pennsylvania University. Cartmell is bringing the latter over for the English Championship meeting, and as he won the American Intercollegiate 100 yards championship in 10secs. and ran second in the 220, which Craig of Michigan won in 21 1-5secs. with the wind behind, it looks as though Walker alone stands between the American and two championships. The English sprinters are only moderate just now and no doubt they will profit by the visit of the speedy American.

REED'S GOOD FORM.

One of the best all-round sprinters in England at present is L. J. de B. Reed. He showed splendid form and good judgment in his 300 yards match with E. W. Haley at Stamford Bridge, London, last Saturday. The Herne Hill man had the inner berth, and also gained a yard at the start, but Reed was up with his man after going 100 yards. He was then content to wait on Haley round the bend, but once into the straight, he made a fine effort which carried him through the tape a winner by nearly a yard in 31 4-5 secs. Reed followed up this good performance by winning the newly instituted quarter-mile championship of London on Wednesday, the watch showing 50 4-5 secs., which indicates that he will take a lot of beating in the championship.

BOXING.

Considerable talk is going on annent the prospects of another match between F. Welsh, a "Packy" McFarland. The rivals and their supporters do not appear to have so many differences as when the other match was made, the question of referee being the chief point. Providing they can agree as to this all important official, another attempt to decide supremacy may be seen.

The news that Governor Gillett has given instructions that the boxing match between Jeffries and Johnson shall not be allowed to take place in San Francisco is disappointing to thousands of English sportsmen who are greatly interested. It is hoped the management will be able to handle the contest where the authorities are better sportsmen and more tolerant of the noble art. We are wondering on this side of the Atlantic if the wonderful tales as to the splendid condition of Jeffries are to be depended on. Johnson has not yet shown his right to be considered in the same class as Jackson, Fitzsimmons, or Corbett when they were at their best, and one recalls that he failed to knock out Tommy Burns, in spite of the great advantage he gained by that lucky upper cut in the first round. Against this it is useless to expect Jeffries to show the same win and stamina as he did when winning the championship. No old athlete can come back after five years on the shelf and show up as well as ever. This must be clearly recognised, and on account of which the writer does not think Jeffries will beat Johnson.

CRICKET.

Few cricket enthusiasts ever expected that a county like Leicestershire would deprive Kent of an unbeaten record, yet such is the uncertainty of the game, that the champions were bottom dog in the match against the famous hunting shire. The result made the struggle for the championship more even, the positions of the leaders now reading: Kent, percentage 71·42; Middlesex, 66·66; Lancashire, 60; and Surrey, 50. Yorkshire fill the lowly position of eleventh on the list, which is a very strange position for the county.

As to individuals, Tyldesley now tops the batting averages with figures of 62·27, while another Lancashire man in A. Hartley comes next with 61·45, while Tarrant 54·40, Bowley 49·50, and C. J. B. Wood 46·87, are the next on the list.

Surrey supplies the leading bowler in Smith (W. C.) whose 77 wickets have cost an average of 11·38 runs each. Then come two Lancashire trundlers in Dean, 44 wickets, average 11·81; and Huddleston, 26 wickets, average 12·11.

TYLDESLEY'S RECORD.

Tyldesley distinguished himself during the Lancashire v. Hants match by playing two splendid innings of 136 and 101, this making the third time in his career that he has made a double century in a match, a feat only previously accomplished by W. G. Grace and R. E. Foster.

Tarrant's innings of 142 for Middlesex against Worcestershire was another fine innings, while more centuries were seen during the Notts v. Leicestershire match, Knight (114) for the latter and Iremonger (107) not out for Notts being responsible. Besides these, Hirst (158) made a big effort to save Yorkshire from defeat against Cambridge University, and Hearne (J.W.) scored the first three figure innings of his career for Middlesex v. Somerset, a match, which also enabled W. P. Robertson to play an innings of 115. A. C. Johnson (Hants), Hardstaffe (Notts), Davis (Surrey) and Thompson (Northants) are more recent centurions of the cricket world.

In spite of fine weather, which always means big scores, several crack bowlers have distinguished themselves of late. Thompson, for instance, took 6 wickets for 30 runs for Northants v. Warwick, and Hearne (J. T.) 8 for 34 in the Middlesex v. Worcester match, while Llewellyn, 6 for 61 and 7 for 45 helped materially in the win of Hants over Somerset. Besides these performances, Hitch of Surrey, secured 6 Worcester wickets for 31, and Wolley 9, Sussex wickets for 67 on behalf of Kent.

THE TURF.

This year's Ascot Gold Cup attracted a record field of 13, and served to prove that Bayardo is easily the finest racehorse in training. Everyone knows that the colt was off colour when the Derby of 1909 was run, and in which race Sir Martin met with a mishap. The manner the latter won the Coronation Cup from Bachelor's Double, coupled with the success of the last named in the Royal Hunt Cup on Wednesday, made it look as though Sir Martin would be hard to beat in the Gold Cup race. Bayardo, however, started a good favourite at 7 to 4, while 9 to 2 was offered against Sir Martin, with the French crack Sea Sick II next in demand at 6 to 1. A big race between Bayardo and Sir Martin was expected, but the latter proved a disappointment, and evidently failed to run up to form, unless it be that Bachelor's Double has greatly improved since the Epsom meeting, which is not impossible. Maher held Bayardo well in hand until six furlongs from home, but once he gave the Manton horse his head, it was all over, Bayardo winning easily from Sea Sick II by four lengths. Had Randall cared to bustle his mount, Bachelor's Double would have been second. The winner ran the 2 1-2 miles in 4mins. 33 2-5secs., which is only one-fifth of a second outside the record for the race, and stamps Bayardo as a real champion.

Mr. Fairie had the satisfaction of leading back the winner of the following race—the St. James's Palace Stakes—in which Lemberg had a mere exercise canter. It was a great day for the owner named, and also for Alec, Taylor of Manton, who has turned out the winners of the Derby, Oaks, and Gold Cup. Maher was also in great form, as he scored four times yesterday. The Ascot meeting has been favoured with fine weather, and though the general mourning has made the scene somewhat sombre in comparison with other years, the racing has been generally good.

IN GENERAL.

T. Thomas, the middle-weight champion boxer, scored an easy win over Drummond of London, in a contest at Liverpool last evening.

A weight lifting competition for the professional championship was decided in London this week when the honours went to T. Ince of London.

The open golf championship has attracted a record entry this year. A Belgian gentleman is coaching the Thames R. C. eight for the Grand Challenge Cup at Henley.

Home sportsmen are pleased we have a good "Soccer" team in South Africa, as this will make up for the unfortunate weakness of the "Rugger" team also touring there.

Two-overseas athletes in W. R. Reynell of Adelaide, and W. Cushing from Yale University, represented Oxford University in the Inter-Varsity lawn tennis match this week, the Rhodes scholars beating the Cambridge men by two sets to nil.

Gama, an Indian wrestler, offers to make a match to throw Zybesco twice in 30 mins.

The high jump championship at Olympia yesterday was won by the French horse Jubilee with the moderate jump of 6 ft. 8 in. a long way behind record.

W. J. Bailey of the Polytechnic C. C. continuous to show form which entitles him to be considered the premier short distance cyclist in the amateur ranks.

THE LATE KING,

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The following is the reply received by Mr. B F. Dastoor, President of the meeting of the residents of Ilav, assembled for the purpose of sending a letter of condolence and sympathy to His Majesty King George V. and the Royal Family on the sad demise of His late lamented Majesty King Edward VII.—Yours, etc.,

P. K. ILLAVA.

Ilav-Kim, July 4.

"The undersigned presents compliments to the President of the meeting of the residents of Ilav and with reference to the letter of condolence and sympathy forwarded by him on behalf of the residents of Ilav upon the occasion of the death of His late Majesty the King-Emperor, has been directed to convey the sincere thanks of Government for the expression of their sympathy."

(Sd.) J. A. G. WALES,
Collector of Broach.

THE NORTHERN TERRITORY OF AUSTRALIA.

There is a possibility of dealing effectively with the Northern Territory question at an early date. Hitherto this vast and rich tract of country has been regarded by many as the one "white elephant" in the path of the States progress. It has run South Australia into a debt of upwards of two and a half millions of money, not because the Territory is worthless, but simply because railway communication has not been sufficiently opened up. There is plenty of evidence respecting the value of the far northern areas. Their pastoral and mineral resources have already been amply and satisfactorily tested, and it is asserted by experts that a hidden mine of wealth lies in the various classes of semi-tropical agriculture awaiting development. The only solution of the problem which many Ministries have declined to face in an energetic manner lies in the extension of the railway line northwards, and if possible to connect the Oodnadatta end with Pine Creek. The Price Government were given the chance to complete this work, but they declined to construct the line on the land grant system, and thereupon offered the whole Territory to the Federal Government upon certain conditions. The latter not having been accepted, the whole question has been reopened, and it now lies with Mr. Verran and his colleagues to carry out the work, and thus materially add to the importance of South Australia's political and commercial future. The present Premier, in replying to a

ENGLISH TRAIN DISASTER.

LONG LIST OF KILLED AND INJURED.

Many Women and Children.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 5.

The Twentieth Century Limited Express dashed into a goods train near Dayton yesterday. The engine of the latter crashed into the cars, filled with women and children, and rolled them down an embankment. Thirty-one persons were killed and 87 injured.

RUSSO-JAPANESE AGREEMENT.

The Status Quo in Manchuria.

LONDON, JULY 5.

The Russo-Japanese Agreement has been signed. The terms have been communicated to Britain and France, but are still unpublished. It is stated that it guarantees the maintenance of status quo in Manchuria on lines of previous Russo-Japanese arrangements, and provides that if these or agreements with China are menaced, Russia and Japan will concert measures of defence.

THE "TRIESTE."

Crew of "Lowther Range" Praised.

LONDON, JULY 5.

The Austrian papers chorus the praise of courage and self-sacrifice of the crew of the "Lowther Range." They deplore the death of the engineer and say that his name will be honourably remembered.

BY AIRSHIP TO THE ARCTIC.

Count Zeppelin's Plans.

LONDON, JULY 4.

Count Zeppelin and Prince Henry of Prussia have started to make investigations northward of Spitzbergen, as to facilities for mooring an airship to the Arctic ice, etc., with a view to scientific exploration in the Arctic regions in an airship in 1912.

THE KAISER.

Starts on a Cruise.

LONDON, JULY 5.

The Kaiser has started on his annual northern cruise.

HANKOW-SZECHUAN RAILWAY.

LONDON, JULY 4.

In the House of Commons, Sir Edward Grey replying to Mr. Arbuthnot, said the Chinese Government would be asked to agree to the Hankow-Szechuan Railway arrangement. His Majesty's Government approved the terms of the agreement before its conclusion.

CRETE AND PROTECTING POWERS.

Cruisers at Canea.

LONDON, JULY 5.

The British, French, Russian, and Italian cruisers have anchored at Canea.

THE IRISH LOAN.

LONDON, JULY 4.

The Irish loan is quoted at one-eighth premium. The old issue rose 1⅛, in consequence of its comparative cheapness.

THE BISLEY MEETING.

LONDON, JULY 4.

The Bisley meeting has started under more hopeful weather conditions. The Overseas Dominions are well represented.

FINLAND BILL BECOMES LAW.

LONDON, JULY 5.

The Government of Finland Bill has been sanctioned by the Tsar and is now law.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JULY 4.

The deaths are announced of the Milan astronomer, Schiaparelli, Chief Justice Fuller of the United States, and Sherwin, the famous Notts wicket-keeper.

DEATH OF AGA SHUMSUD-DIN SHAH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 5.

News has been received here by cablegram from London, that Aga Shumsuddin Shah, brother-in-law of His Highness the Aga Khan, died suddenly in London. The deceased gentleman was recently advised by his medical advisers to take a trip to Europe, and he left Poona for London about two months ago, to recruit his health, being also about the same time joined by H. H. the Aga Khan.

The deceased was the son of the late Aga Junghi Shah, and a grandson of the first Aga Khan. He was recently appointed a stipendiary steward of the Western India Turf Club, and was a great favourite in sporting circles. He leaves a wife, sister, and cousins. The cause of death is attributed to sudden heart failure.

THE BIG FIGHT AT RENO.

Jeffries Knocked Out.

SEVERE FIFTEEN ROUNDS.

FATAL ANTI-NEGRO OUTBURST.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 4.

A telegram dated Reno, noon, says the betting is 2 to 1 that Jeffries wins.

LONDON, JULY 5.

A Reno telegram announces that Johnson knocked out Jeffries in the fifteenth round.

The first three rounds were simply wrestling bouts. Jeffries had the best of the fourth, drawing first blood. Thereafter the fighting became faster, Johnson's straight lefts and uppercuts on the face being his most effective blows. They were snappy and clean, while Jeffries did a lot of shoving.

In the sixth round, Johnson cut Jeffries' cheek to the bone and closed his right eye. By the eleventh round, Jeffries was tired and slow. He tried to close, but Johnson prevented it. The crowd cheered the negro's boxing.

In the fifteenth round after a clinch, Johnson forced the pace, and sent down Jeffries with a left and right on the jaw. Each time he got up, Johnson sprang at him and swung lefts on his jaw, sending him through the ropes, and he was counted out.

Jeffries was led back to his corner in a dazed condition, while Johnson remained in the centre of the ring, breathing normally and unhurt.

The ring was dismantled by souvenir hunters.

The purse was increased to 121,000 dollars. The loser received forty per cent. instead of twenty-five as originally arranged, Johnson refusing to fight otherwise.

LATER.

A New York telegram states that following on the victory of Johnson, serious riots have occurred in many cities throughout the country. Scores of negroes have been injured and one killed outright. In New York City a negro tenement was set on fire. Disorders are also reported from New Orleans, Pittsburg and St. Louis where the whites were aggressors. Some fatalities occurred.

ALLEGED FRAUD BY EURASIAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

A sensational story of alleged fraud by a Eurasian, was told before Mr. Swinhoe, Chief Presidency Magistrate. Mr. Fitzgerald, aged 50, engine driver at Saidpore, E. B. S. Railway, married his brother's widow, who was left property worth Rs. 20,000 by her former husband. Mr. Fitzgerald removed her to the Lunatic Asylum in Bhawanipore, and was appointed guardian by the District Judge of Rungpur, by denying the wife's first husband was his brother. The Asylum, failing to obtain payment from Mr. Fitzgerald, applied to the Judge, when fraud was detected, and a warrant was issued and the accused arrested. The accused has misappropriated a considerable portion of the wife's money. On the question of jurisdiction, the accused will be sent back to Rungpur for trial, as the offence was committed there, the properties being in that district.

BURNING OF STEAMER "AKA."

Marine Court Inquiry.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

The result of the Marine Court inquiry, which sat at Khulna, into the burning of the steamer "Aka," is out. The Court held that the evidence justified the conclusion, that the jute was not covered and protected, and that the fire was caused by the grounding of the steamer owing to soundings not being taken while going full speed, the shock of which brought a portion of the jute into contact with a lighted lamp. Considering the loss of life the report suggests the desirability of doing away with oil lamps on board steamers carrying such inflammable material as jute, the prohibition of passengers from bringing lighted lamps on board, and from smoking on board such vessels, and of preventing passengers from travelling on the deck where the jute is stacked.

CASE OF EXTORTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

The City Magistrate of Patna is enquiring into a curious case of extortion, in which the victim is the Principal of the local Law College. It is alleged that the accused Jugadish Kumar Sing, wrote to complainant letters, telling him that he has come to know of certain serious charges against him, that he was an officer of the C. I. D. and a special correspondent of a newspaper, and that he has been deputed confidentially by local officers, to enquire into the conduct of Babu Atmaram. It is further complained, that Jagadish threatened Babu Atmaram, that he would ruin his reputation by reporting the result of his enquiry, and to put it in the press if he is not sufficiently paid. The complainant became frightened, and paid some money to Jagadish. Subsequently the matter was reported to the police, with the result that the accused was arrested. The District Judge and other local officials are witnesses in the case.

STUDENTS' MESSES.

Consideration of Government Grant.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

A Committee consisting of the Director of Public Instruction, the Judicial Secretary, Bengal Government, and the Vice Chancellor, has been appointed to consider the question of the Government grant towards the upkeep of students' messes, attached to the various colleges in Calcutta. Pending the result of the enquiry, the existing grant will be continued.

PRELIMINARY JUTE FORECAST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

Preliminary jute forecast published yesterday, estimates the area shown this year in Eastern Bengal and Assam at 1,940,015 acres, as against 1,932,133 acres last year, and in Bengal at 61,450 acres as against 64,900 acres last year.

TUBERCULOSIS AND LEPROSY.

Major Hooton's Report.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 5.

Major Hooton I.M.S., who attended the recent meetings of the Far Eastern Association of Tropical Disease at Manila, has submitted a long report to the Government of India dealing with tuberculosis and leprosy. He writes that an active crusade against subercle has been started, and the steps taken, up to the present, include instruction in schools, special out-patients' departments for tuberculous cases in the large hospitals; attendance of patients at their homes by nurses; an open air treatment, in special camps conveniently placed so that patients, able to do so, can carry on their work. It is proposed shortly to establish a hospital for hopeless cases with the principal object of minimising the danger of infection of the healthy, and a home in the mountains for incipient cases, to grant free sites, and if necessary building materials for airy dwellings, to be constructed on a definite plan for sufferers not otherwise provided for, and to form a league for the dissemination of a knowledge of the proper measure for prophylactics. As in many parts of India, in the Philippines tuberculosis is very prevalent and fatal.

The segregation of lepers, is perhaps the most striking of the sanitary reforms that have been inaugurated by the American Government of the Philipines, though great advances have been made in vaccination and other directions. It is now about five years ago, that the initial steps were taken. An attempt was first made to explain the etiology of the disease to sufferers and their friends, and prominent Filipinos were induced to assist in the education of their compatriots. With this end in view, gradually a small number of lepers were persuaded to take up their residence in the buildings prepared for them in the island of Culion. Every available means was adopted to make these people contented and comfortable, so that the disinclination of those still at large to join them might be overcome, if possible, without resorting to force. At first, some opposition was met with, but after a comparatively short space of time the people became more accustomed to the idea, and it was thought safe to progress a step further. No serious difficulty resulted, and for the last three years throughout the group with the exception of the Island of Mindanao the present leprosy law has been in force. This requires the civil authorities to deliver to the Director of Health, when called upon to do so, all persons afflicted with leprosy and empowers the Director of Health to segregate such persons at the Leper Colony of Culion. Before the final segregation of any individual however, the Director of Health must, if required by the afflicted one or his friends, demonstrate the presence of the leprosy bacillus. But this clause is very seldom taken advantage of, and in no case has a re-examination been conducted at the laboratory at Manila failed to produce the requisite evidence. An additional check is also provided, by the fact that the original diagnosis is made by a travelling committee of three medical men, who examine the suspected persons collected at the various appointed stations on the coast, and assemble the sufferers on board the steamer which eventually transports them to their destination. As regards the arrangements at the Leper Colony, residents are allowed to write letters and to receive visits periodically from their friends, but the letters are disinfected, and the friends and relations must live in quarters provided for them on an adjacent island. The results of segregation have more than justified the trouble and expense involved. A census of lepers in the islands (excepting Mindanao) showed 6,000 at the commencement of the operations, and this number, owing to the large death rate amongst the patients, and the reduction of the infection of healthy persons, has now fallen to 2,300. It is believed that very few lepers remain at large at the present time.

NEW SIMLA SECRETARIAT.

Site for Building Decided on.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 5.

It has been finally decided, to undertake the construction of the new Secretariat, on the Kennedy House site. This matter has been going on between the India Office and Simla for years. It will be a very spacious building, which will provide accommodation for the Revenue Department and other subordinate offices. Mr. Ransome designed this Secretariat building some time ago, but it is not known whether his designs will undergo modification. He has provided an exquisite tower for the purpose of meteorological observations.

EXTORTING CONFESSION BY TORTURE.

Police Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

The Sessions Judge of Midnapore, yesterday, convicted Moulvi Mohimuddin, a Sub-Inspector attached to the Dauton thana, and two constables, of torturing an accused in a dacoity case, to extort a confession. The Sub-Inspector was sentenced to three years' and the constables to two years' rigorous imprisonment each.

DISBANDMENT OF A LADIES' ORCHESTRA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

The band master of the Viennese Orchestra, denies the allegations by girls of assault and intimidation. The Band has been disbanded. The girls leave for home shortly.

IRRIGATION WORKS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, JULY 5.

The recent decision of the Secretary of State to increase the grant to 100 lakhs for the protection of the irrigation works, will take effect from next year, meanwhile, if the monsoons do not fail, an attempt will be made to provide a supplementary grant for the Tindula irrigation project.

INDEPENDENCE DAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

Independence Day was celebrated yesterday by a liberal display of stars and stripes, by the American Consulate General in Esplanade East, and by various American firms in the city.

THE DALRYMPLE CLARK CASE.

Address for the Defence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 5.

The hearing of the Sessions case against Mr. Clark was resumed again to-day. Recalled by defence, Birch said that the cost of bringing of an elephant from India was a hundred rupees. On Friday he said two or three hundred. Karim Khan, a dealer in elephants, was the next witness, he and his brother Yar Mahomed being brokers to Green and Company for buying elephants. Witness paid Rs. 8,500 for three animals at Suranpur, also Rs. 3,500 for fourth elephant, and was present when Birch purchased these from Yar Mohamsd. These animals were first bought for Birch and then for Green and Company. Shaw, a former assistant to Steels, is now being examined. It is expected that the case will be finished by Thursday.

LATER.

In the Dalrymple Clark trial the evidence for the defence was concluded to-day, with the examination of Shaw who was an assistant of Steels whose evidence directed to absence of entries in the firm's registers of purchase. Of three elephants from Green Company, Shaw, despite the record, not in cash book, remembered the transaction.

Before Mr. De Glanville, Counsel for defence, addressed the jury, Sir Charles Fox asked him to consider certain points, he (the Chief Judge) proposed putting to the jury. These included the bearing on the case of two main principles of Civil Law that differentiate it from Criminal Law. The principles were (1) the employee is bound to be absolutely honest to employer; (2) agent to the principal is bound not to make secret profit out of any transaction he might enter into. As regards the facts of the case His Honour handed to Mr. De Glanville his (Sir C. Fox's) notes on all the purchase sales and substitutions spoken to in evidence had worked out. This he did because (1) he wished to guard against a possible error in these calculations before charging to the jury, and (2) Clark's statement is not self-evident and required explanation.

Mr. De Glanville then commenced his address to the jury which was not concluded to-day. He traversed the grounds of the charge and for the defence relied on the substitution theory as explained in defence Counsel opening statement. If Clark is dishonest Counsel said it was an act of a mad man to preserve Steel's latter about cheque for Maud and Thomson on which Mr. Clark endorsed an office order not to pass the transaction through the books. In the absence of elephant registers it is essential to prove Mr. Clark's innocence.

STAFF COLLEGE DINNER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 5.

The annual Staff College dinner will take place at the United Service Club on Thursday night.

The following gentlemen will be the guests:—H. E. General Sir O'Moore Creagh, Major-General Sir R. Scallon, Major-General Grover, Lieut.-Colonel M. Wilson, 10th Hussars. The officers present will include, Lieut.-General Sir D. Haig, Major-General G. Kitson, Brigadier-General Hamilton Gordon, Colonel H. P. Shekelton, Colonel W. G. Hamilton, Colonel H. F. Loch, Colonel W. A. Watson, Lieut.-Colonel F. Shore, Colonel A. Cobbi, Lieut.-Colonel J. Vaughan, Lieut.-Colonel W. Ebank, Lieut.-Colonel H. Rice, Lieut.-Colonel H. Dyer, Lieut.-Colonel V. Brooke, Major H. H. Austin, Major G. F. Macminn, Major C. J. Perceval, Major S. Geoghegan, Major C. Coffin, Major A. Skeen, Major R. Bean, Major P. Serocold, Major H. H. Turner, Major W. C. Black, Major G. F. Saunders, Major D. H. Walt, Major R. M. Johnson, Captain R. L. Ricketa, Captain M. Taylor, Captain H. Hill, Captain D. G. Loch, Captain R. Vaughan, Captain V. Muspratt, Captain G. M. Orr, Captain J. Charteris, Captain D. Shuttleworth, Captain R. Shuttleworth, Captain F. G. Williams, Captain C. E. Aspinall, Lieutenant L. Mowbray, Captain F. Joslin, and Colonel J. Tod.

LIQUOR SHOPS FOR KHANDS CLOSED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

The Khands, an aboriginal tribe in Bengal requested the local authorities not to grant licence to liquor shops. The Lieut.-Governor accordingly decided to close all outstalls for selling country liquor in Khandmahals in Orissa of which 25 were originally licensed for the current year.

FRONTIER POST OFFICE ATTACKED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 5.

The report is received of an attack by armed budmashes on the post office at Sinder Zila Daka, the bandits getting clear away after wounding the postmaster and five subordinates.

THE FRONTIER BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 5.

The Boundary Commission under Mr. Donald is now working near Parachinar and discussing the question of raids and other matters connected with the doings of border outlaws.

The annual Conference of Registrars of Co-operative Credit Societis will be held in Calcutta by the third week of November.

PRESS PRINTER FINED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate fined the printer of the Lila Press Rs. 20 for failing to deliver four copies of the "Indian Medical Record" to the Inspector General of Registration.

Mr. Justice Fletcher was engaged to-day in hearing a big insolvency application in which Mulji Jumnadas is petitioner, his liabilities being sixteen lakhs. He is a well known broker and known to the Turf Club. He was once convicted for criminal breach of trust and was implicated in a timber case, but acquitted. Some startling disclosures as to how he spent so large a fortune will come to light at the next hearing.

THE EDITOR OF THE "TRIBUNE."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 5.

N. Gupta, formerly editor of the "Tribune," and recently editor of the "Leader" of Allahabad has taken charge of the "Tribune" to-day.

THE Mail steamer from Calcutta and Madras which arrived in Rangoon yesterday reported encountering foul weather on the voyage but no damage was sustained.

MITHRAISM.

(BY PESTANJI DARABJI KHANDALAVALA.)

Classic authors tells us almost next to nothing on the origin of Mithra. That he was a Persian Celestial Spirit—Meher Ized—all are agreed upon. Failing their testimony, the Avesta will have told us as much. But how came it from Iran to Italy? Plutarch incidentally speaks of the pirates of Asia Minor vanquished by Pompey. These did strange sacrifices and practised occult rites, among others those of Mithra, which says he "preserved till now, were first taught by them." A writer of mediocre authority says that the cult passed from the Persians to the Parygians, and from the Phrygians to the Romans. Both the authors fix on Asia Minor, whence the Iranian religion spread into the West. Diverse indications point to this region. The frequency of the name Mithridates in the dynasties of Pontus, of Cappadocia, of Armenia and of Commagena—whom questionable genealogies linked with the Achemenides—shows the devotion professed by these kings for Mithra. Mithraism revealed to the Romans in the time of Pompey was then established in the Anatolian monarchies at an epoch of intense moral and religious fermentation. Unfortunately there is no monument of that period of its history. The absence of direct testimony on the development of

THE MAZDEAN SECTS

during the last three centuries B. C. is opposed to a sure knowledge of Parsism in Asia Minor. No temple dedicated to Mithra has been excavated in this country. The inscriptions which mention his name are here are rare and insignificant. Under the rule of the Achemenides, the east of Asia Minor was colonised by the Parsis. The plateau of Anatolia resembled that of Iran in its cultivations and its climate, and lent itself notably to the breeding of horses. The nobility who owned the soil belonged in Cappadocia, Pontus and Armenia to the conquering nation. Under the diverse regimes which followed after the death of Alexander, these landed lords remained the veritable masters of the country, leaders of clan administering the district where they had their domains. They preserved through all the political vicissitudes up to Justinian—at least on the confines of Armenia—the hereditary title of Satraps which recalled their Iranian origin. Their military and feudal aristocracy furnished to Mithridates Eupater a good number of officers who helped him to defy for long the efforts of Rome. And later it knew how to defend the ever menaced independence of Armenia against the enterprises of the Cæsars. These warriors adored Mithra as the protecting genius of their arms. This is why Mithra always remained even in the Latin world the invincible god, tutelary god of armies, honoured specially by the soldiers. By the side of the nobility.

A PARSI CLERGY

was established in the peninsula. It officiated in the celebrated temples dedicated to Mazdean worship. In the whole of the Levant, Magians—lighters of fire—were disseminated. Like the Jews they preserved with scrupulous fidelity, their national customs and their traditional right. Bardesanes of Edessa "the last of the gnostics" testifies to this. The sacrifices of the Magians which Strabo observed in Cappadocia recall all the peculiarities of the Avestic liturgy. There were the same prayers droned before the altar of fire, while holding the sacred bundle—barsom or baresman—the same ablutions of milk, oil, and of honey, the same precautions for the breath of the officiator not defiling the divine flame. The powers they adored were those of orthodox mazdeism or little short of it. They adored Arura Masda who had remained in their eyes—as Zens and Jupiter originally a heavenly deity. Below him they venerated deified abstractions such as Vohu-mano, good thought, Amoritat, immortality who rank as Amshaspands or archangels surrounding the Most High. In short they sacrificed to the genii of nature, the Yazatas as Anahita the divinity of fertilizing waters, Adar, the personification of fire, and specially Mithra, the pure genius of light. Thus Mazdeism, or one a little different to that of the Avesta, in certain respects nearer to the primitive naturalism of the Aryans—but nevertheless a Mazdeism clearly characterised and sedidly constituted is at the base of the religion of the Magians of Asia Minor. And it had to remain in the occidental mysteries of Mithra the strongest basis of their grandeur. Only the language employed by Iranian colonies was not their ancient Aryan idiom but a semitic dialect.

THE ARAMAIC.

Under the Achemenides it was used in diplomatic and commercial relations in all the countries situated to the West of the Tigris. Notably in Cappadocia and in Armenia it remained to the time when, towards the 3rd century B. C., it was supplanted by the Greek the literary and also probably the liturgic language. The emigrants in Asia Minor had not some direct from Persepolis or from Susa, but from Mesopotomia. Their cult had been profoundly influenced by the speculations of the powerful clergy who did duty in the temples of Babylon. The learned theology of the Chaldeans was imposed on primitive Mazdeism. It was a set of traditions and of rites than a body of doctrines. The divinities of the two religions were identified, their legends brought together, and semitic astrology the fruit of long scientific observations came to be superposed on Iranian naturalistic beliefs. Ahura-Mazd was assimilated with Bel, Anahita with Istar, and Mithra with Shamash, the solar god. This is why in the Roman mysteries Mithra was commonly called Sol invictus, although he is properly distinct from the sun and an astronomic symbolism abstruse and complicated always formed part of the teaching revealed to the initiates, and was displayed in the artistic compositions which decorated the temples.

THE FUSION OF PARSISM.

With Semitic and Anatolian faiths was due to syncritism. For in these regions that was at all times the form of religious transformations. Take the god in Commagene, represented as standing on a bull, holding the double axe in hand. This weapon which he brandishes marks him down as the master of thunderbolt who in the ocean of storms cleaves the trees of the forest. The Chalybes, a tribe of blacksmiths, from the north had brought him. In his new Syrian home this spirit of Thunder was identified with a local Baal. After the conquest of Cyrus and the establishment of the Persian rule, this lord of the heavens was easily compounded with Ahura-Mazd. Then after Alexander, when a dynasty, half Iranian and half Hellenic reigned over Commagene, this Baal became a Neus-Oromasdes (Ahora-Mazd) seated in sublime ethereal space. The Mithraic religion was thus formed essentially of a combination of Iranian faiths with the Semitic theology, and accessorily with certain elements borrowed from the indigenous worships of Asia Minor. The Greeks were able to translate later in their language the names of Persian divinities, and to impose on Mazdean worship certain forms of their mysteries. Hellenic art was able to lend to the Yazatas, the ideal appearance under which they delighted to represent the immortals. Philosophy, particularly, Stoic strove to find in the Magian traditions her own physical and methaphysical theories. But despite all these reconciliations these adaptations and interpretations Mitraism ever remained in substance a Mazdeism rested to one below—the Chaldean creed—and consequently out and out barbaric. The Greeks never welcomed the God of their hereditary enemies and the great centres of Hellenic civilisation escaped its influence as he had eluded theirs. From Asia Minor passed directly into the

THE LATIN WORLD.

Here the transmissions worked with a thundering rapidity as soon as contact was established. In their progressive much towards the Euphrates the Romans came in for the sacred trust which Iran had transmitted to the Magians of Asia Minor. When the Mazdean beliefs matured in the remote recesses of the Mountains of Anatolia were revealed to them, they adopted them with enthusiasm. Transported by the soldiers towards the end of the first century, all along the frontiers, the Persic cult left numerous traces of its presence from the camps of the Danube and the Rhine to where the Roman legions lay in Britain and from the frontiers of Sahara to the valleys of the Asturias. At the same time, the Asiatic merchants introduced it in the ports of the Mediterranean along the fluvial and terrestrial high-ways in all the slave trading towns. It had oriental missionaries everywhere in public as in private service in the bureaux of imperial administration as in financial farming or mining enterprises. The exotic god soon won the favour of high functionaries, and of the sovereign himself. At the end of the 2nd century Commodus had himself initiated in the mysteries, and this conversion had an immense publicity. Hundred years later, the power of Mithra was such that he seemed one moment to eclipse his rivals of the East or of the West, and to dominate the entire Roman world. In 307 A.D. Diocletian, Galerius and Licinius whom a solemn interview brought together at Carnuntum on the Danube, consecrated there a sanctuary to Mithra, protector of their Empire—"fautori imperii sui."

MONOPOLY IN THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

Attempt to Break the System.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 5.

Reference is being made by the Government of India to local Governments as to the desirability of leasing premises suitable for the sale of liquor and offering them for auction with licence to vend liquor. This has apparently given an impression in some quarters that the change of policy was intended in the shape of identifying Government more closely with the sale of liquor. The fact is, it has been discovered in certain areas, that a practical monopoly has been established by cliques of persons taking up beforehand all premises suitable for sale of liquor and so preventing others competing with themselves. For liquor licenses the idea underlying the suggestion put forward by the Government of India is thus to break down the monopoly system and afford fair field to all and no favour to anyone.

LALCHAND FALAK'S APPEAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 5.

The hearing of the appeal of Lalchand Falak was resumed to-day, before Mr. Justice Ryves. The appellant concluded his argument and Mr. Petman, Government Advocate, addressing the Court, said that Lalchand was an agitator who associated intimately with Ajit Singh and Safi Amba Parshad, both notorious arch-agitators. The appellant dedicated his books to Tilak who had been convicted for sedition twice. The book "Desi Fauj Laffar Mauj," the ever victorious Indian Army, did not first originate in the "Modern Review," but had its germs in the "India" sedition case. An attempt was made in the "India" newspaper to tamper with the loyalty of Indian sepoys. There was an attempt made to get over sepoys to the national cause. In this connection he quoted the case of 10th Jats in Bengal. Mr. Petman, concluding his argument, the hearing was adjourned till to-morrow for Lalshand's reply.

PUNJAB PLAGUE COMMITTEE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 5.

The Committee under the presidency of Dr. Meredith which has been considering the questions of plague policy in the Punjab, is completed its enquiry after examining more than sixty witnesses and will submit the recommendations at an early date.

COLLECTION OF ART PHOTOGRAPHS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 5.

The Indian Society of Oriental Art has obtained a fine collection of negatives of sculptures at Borobordoer temple in mid Java. Two months ago Mr. Percy Brown at the request of the Society left India and spent the vacation at this building and has just returned with over 100 large plates taken from the most representative of the bas relief.

ALLAHABAD EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 5.

The *Pioneer* understands that the Reuter Telegram Company has been appointed the sole advertising agents for spaces on fences and walls round the Allahabad Exhibition; also for the official guide and hand-book.

RANGOON, JULY 5.

A Press Note issued to-day in connection with the Allahabad Fine Arts Exhibition, Mr. McKenna, Director of Agriculture, Provincial Art Officers, has been appointed to act for Burma as representative of the Exhibition Executive Committee.

FAREWELL DINNERS TO LORD MINTO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 5.

General Sir Douglas Haig will entertain the Viceroy at dinner at the United Service Club on the 15th instant.

The Viceroy and Lady Minto will dine with the Commander-in-Chief and Lady Creagh at Snowdon on 13th instant.

The Lieut.-Governor and Lady Dane will give a banquet in honour of the Viceroy and Lady Minto at Barnes Court on 17th August.

NEW COLLEGE REGULATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 5.

The Government of India's sanction been accorded to the recent modification in the B. L. Regulations recommended by the Calcutta University whereby the course has been raised from two to three years.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE AT BHAGALPUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

The Government of Bengal is seriously considering the question of establishing an Agricultural College at Bhagalpur and the Lieut-Governor will visit that place in the third week of this month.

THE BANK OF MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 5.

At a meeting of the directors of the Bank of Madras held yesterday evening, the rate of interest was reduced by 1 per cent., the present rate being 4 per cent.

INDIAN BANK, MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 5.

During the half year ending the 30th June last the Indian Bank, Ltd., Madras, made a net profit of Rs. 49,930-11-4, including the balance of Rs 1,836-14-11 brought forward from the previous year. It is proposed to declare a dividend of 6 per cent. per annum which will absorb Rs 30,000 and the balance of Rs. 19,930-11-4 will be carried forward.

THE S. S. "TRIESTE."

THE s. s. "Trieste" unloaded part of her cargo yesterday. After she has finished doing this, she will be taken into the Dry Dock for repairs.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT LOAN.

150 Lakhs Required.

A "Gazette of India Extraordinary" was published in Bombay yesterday stating:—

His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor General in Council has resolved to borrow one hundred and fifty lakhs of rupees for the public service in the following manner:

2. Promissory Notes will be issued for the said amount in the form annexed to this Notification, being the form of the notes of the "Three-and-a-half Per Cent. Loan of 1920-01," of which loan the notes to be now issued will form a part. All the conditions which apply to notes of the "Three-and-a-half Per Cent. Loan of 1900-01" will apply to the notes to be now issued. The interest on the notes of that loan is payable half-yearly on the 30th day of June and the 31st day of December; and the notes are not liable to discharge before the 31st day of December 1920.

TENDERS.

3. Tenders for the whole or any part of the said amount of Rs. 1,50,00,000 will be received by the Comptroller General from this date to noon, standard time, of Wednesday, the 20th July 1910. Tenders must be for sums of 100 Rupees or multiples of that sum.

4. Each tender must be addressed, in the form annexed to this Notification, to the Comptroller General, Calcutta, and enclosed in a closed cover, superscribed "Tender for the Three-and-a-half Per Cent. Loan." If the tenderer is not resident in India, he must name an agent resident in India to whom an allotment-certificate may be issued, if any part of the loan is allotted to such tenderer.

Note (1).—Tenders made in accordance with these instructions will also be received by the Accountants General at Madras, Bombay and Rangoon on account of the Comptroller General, Calcutta, on the 19th July and up to noon, standard time, on the 20th July, provided that—

(a) they are delivered personally or by clerk or messenger at the Accountant General's Office (where a receipt will be given for them);

(b) they are made on printed forms, to be obtained at the same office or at the local Presidency Bank;

(c) each tender is for not less than Rs. 10,000;

(d) the deposit is either a Promissory Note or a Treasury Receipt from the local office of the Presidency Bank, or a cheque on a local Bank in favour of the Accountant General;

(e) the amount of the tender is made payable at the place of tender, viz., Madras, Bombay, or Rangoon (as the case may be) or in Calcutta; and the Accountant General will return deposits on non-accepted tenders and will issue allotment-certificates so far as the tenders are payable in Madras, Bombay, or Rangoon.

5. The rate at which each tender is made must be specified in rupees or rupees and annas: a tender in which no rate is thus specified, but a subscription is offered in some other terms—as, for example, at the recorded minimum, or at some specified percentage in addition to the recorded minimum, or at the average of the accepted tenders—will be rejected as null and void.

6. The rate at which a tender is made must not contain a fraction of an anna: if a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

DEPOSITS.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of not less than one-hundredth or, if the tender be for less than Five Lakhs of Rupees, then for not less than one-fiftieth part of the tender. The deposit must be in one of the following forms: (a) receipt for the amount from the Head Office of the Bank of Bengal, or Madras, or Bombay, or one of their Branches, or from an officer in charge of some Public Treasury, or (b) a cheque drawn in favour of the Comptroller General on a Bank in Calcutta, Madras, Bombay or Rangoon, or (c) Government Promissory Notes* standing in the name of, or endorsed to, the tenderer or the person making the deposit.

8. (a) Deposits, not being Promissory Notes, will, in the case of accepted tenders, be credited proportionately in part payment of the allotment-certificates issued in respect of the tender, and will bear interest for the purpose of clause 16 below from the date of the opening of tenders. When a tender is not accepted in full, the deposits, when they are not in the form of Promissory Notes, will be credited as far as possible proportionately in part payment of the allotment-certificates issued in respect of it. If any allotment-certificate is not fully taken up, the deposit credited in respect of it will be forfeited.

(b) Promissory Notes deposited in respect of any accepted tender will be held until all the allotment-certificate issued in respect of the tender are paid up, and will, if the allotment-certificates are not fully taken up, be appropriated by the Government and cancelled.

OPENING OF TENDERS.

9. The minimum rate at which tenders will be accepted will be recorded under the signature of the Comptroller General, and, before the tenders are opened, placed upon the table in a sealed envelope, but will not be declared unless some tender is rejected only because it is below the recorded minimum.

10. Tenders will be opened publicly by the Comptroller General at the Treasury Buildings, Calcutta, at noon, standard time, on Wednesday, the 20th July next, and those received under the terms of note (1) to clause 4 will be similarly opened by the Accountants General at Madras, Bombay and Rangoon, at noon, standard time, on the same day; but the contents of the tenders will not be disclosed otherwise than as provided in clause 12.

11. Tenders at rates not below the minimum rate will be accepted in the order of the rates tendered, beginning with the highest rate. The amount allotted at the lowest rate at which tenders are accepted will be divided amongst those who have tendered at this rate in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their tenders, provided that no allotment will be issued if the amount distributable on any tender is less than Rs. 100: preference will, however, be given to small tenders, not exceeding Rs. 2,000, at the lowest accepted rate, such tenders receiving allotments in full as far as possible.

ALLOTMENT-CERTIFICATES.

12. To each tenderer (or to his agent) whose tender is accepted in whole or in part, such number of allotment-certificates as may be necessary to make up the aggregate amount allotted to him will be issued by the Comptroller General† as soon as possible after the 20th July and an alphabetical list of the names of those to whom such allotment-certificates are issued will be posted for general information at the Head Offices of the Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay, and at the Branch Office of the Bank of Bengal at Rangoon.

13. If the allotment made on any tender is less than Rs. 3,000 then the whole of the allotment-certificates [after credit of the deposit under clause 8 (a)] will be made payable upon the 6th September.

Otherwise the whole amount of each allotment will be divided into two instalments as follows:—

Instalment I.—As near as convenient to 50 per cent., but not less than 50 per cent., payable upon the 8th August.

Instalment II.—The balance payable upon the 6th September and allotment certificates will be issued for each instalment separately.

But the whole or any part of any accepted tender may be paid at any time after receipt of the allotment-certificates.

The words "as near as convenient" refer to the necessity for making each instalment an exact multiple of Rs. 100.

14. Any allotment-certificates will, on application to the Comptroller General, be exchanged for an equivalent amount of allotment-certificates of smaller denominations; provided that if any payment (beyond the deposit) is recorded upon the cancelled certificate, it can be taken against, and recorded upon, only one of the certificates issued in exchange.

15. Payment of any allotment-certificate may be made to the account of the Government in the Head Office of the Bank of Bengal, or Madras, or Bombay, or in any Branch of these Banks, or into any Public Treasury or Treasuries in India which

* It is particularly requested that such Promissory Notes may not be endorsed to the Comptroller General.

† For tenders received by the Accountant General at Madras, Bombay or Rangoon and payable at these places, the Accountant General will issue the allotment-certificates.

may be named in the tender in respect of which it was issued. Receipts for such payments will be given by the Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay, or their Branches, or by the officers in charge of the Government Treasuries at which payment is made, by endorsement upon the relative certificate.

ISSUE OF PROMISSORY NOTES.

16. (a) When any allotment-certificate is fully paid up, the holder will, on presenting it duly receipted at the place where it was paid, obtain from the Public Debt Office, Calcutta, Promissory Notes of such values as he may desire (each note being in even hundreds and not less than Rs. 100) bearing interest from 31st December 1910, and he will also receive interest at 3 1-2 per cent. per annum from the dates on which he may have made payment till the 30th December 1910.

(b) Or he may, at his option, by paying interest at the said rate from the 30th June 1910 to the dates on which he may have made payment, obtain Promissory Notes as above, bearing interest from the 30th June 1910.

POSING AS A SORCERER.

Accused Discharged.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JULY 5.

One Hashim Shah and two accomplices were brought before the City Magistrate on the following curious charge of posing as a sorcerer with powers to convert Government currency notes into double their face value by a certain process of alchemy. One Uka Kutchi was prevailed upon to make an experiment and brought along notes of the value of Rs. 110. These together with certain herbs were placed in a glass bottle in his presence by the accused and left to ferment for twenty-four hours, the owner being requested to call on the morrow. He did so when it was ascertained that owing to the disproportionate use of the magical ingredients the notes were "non est," having fermented too much. The sorcerer and his accomplices were discharged, there being insufficient evidence to convict.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 5.

The Railway Board has selected Messrs H. T. Biscoe, H. V. R. Goulding and Mathra Das as probationery Assistant Traffic Superintendents. In filling their appointments the special claims of railway officials have been recognised, as Mr. Biscoe's father was lately Traffic Superintendent of the North-Western Railway and Mr. Mathra Das is a son of Rai Bahadur Ralla Ram, Engineer-in-Chief of the Eastern Bengal State Railway. Mr. Goulding is the son of Colonel Goulding of the Punjab Secretariat and Honorary A. D. C. to the Viceroy.

Mr. Yates, Locomotive Superintendent, North-Western Railway, has been given three and half months' extension of leave, on the expiry of which he retires from service.

PASSENGERS HOME FROM PONDICHERRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 5.

A Pondicherry correspondent writes the s.s. "Dupleix" took away quite a number of passengers including Mme. Delyque, wife of the Procureur General. M. Leveque, the Governor, did not leave by the "Dupleix" as was anticipated. He and Mme. Liveque left on Friday by train for Bombay. M. Martineau, the next Governor, will arrive on the 9th instant. The Procureur-General acts as Governor in the meantime.

SUB-CONDUCTOR RANKIN'S APPEAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 5.

The motion for the review of the sentence passed on Sub-Conductor Rankin who was sentenced to three years' imprisonment for criminal breach of trust in respect of selling rum to Private druggists, was heard by the Chief Court. The Court held that no injustice had been done to accused and rejected the application.

A PATHAN UNDER ARREST.

Attempts Suicide.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 5.

A Pathan accused of murdering his countrymen at Sibpur, yesterday, was placed before the Sub-Divisional Officer, Howrah, this morning. On the application of the Police he was remanded to hajut. He was removed to Sibpur police lock-up. Since his arrest accused while maintaining a stubborn silence has refused to partake of any food. This afternoon he uprooted a brick from a projector in the floor of his cell and began battering his forehead. He was seized before he could carry out his evident intention of destroying himself rendered first aid by the police and removed to Howrah hospital and thence to the Jail hospital where precautions have been taken to guard against similar pranks. Accused refused to explain his conduct. By order of the District Magistrate all witnesses will be taken to Jail for identification. When placed before the Magistrate this morning accused denied all knowledge of the murder although he admitted the crime when taken into custody by the police yesterday.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Oadia Tenerife Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 5th July 1910.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	4	16	10	9	24
Teheran ...	5	14	10	0	38
Suez	5	14	25	0	34

NOTICES.

Cable Aswab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala, without additional charge (22-11-09)

Cable Obock Djibouti interrupted. (27-6-10).

China reports Luchow line heavy leakage messages north are subject to delay. (28-6-10).

Bhamo route to China interrupted between Sashe and Haotzekow (5-7-10).

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

The Harwood League.

Y. M. C. A. AND B. V. A.

There was only a poor attendance on the Cooperage last evening to witness the match between the above teams. It was noticed that Hildreth lined up with the forwards for the Y. M. C. A., Wardley taking his place in goal. From the kick-off the Y. M. C. A. began to press, and after their opponents' goalkeeper had saved a couple of ticklish shots, Faulds opened the scoring with a shot from close range. The B. V. A. took up the running, and had shooting alone prevented them from equalising, as they had several easy chances of scoring, which were not taken advantage of. Play was rather of an uninteresting character the remainder of the half, nothing further being scored, the interval arriving with the Y. M. C. A. leading by one goal to love.

On resuming the B. V. A. were kept strictly on the defensive, not many minutes having elapsed from the restart, when the Y. M. C. A. scored their second goal. The goalkeeper in attempting clear kicked the ball against one of the opposing forwards, who was only about 3 yards from the goal, the ball rebounding into the net. Pack and Hildreth who were playing a good game together, shortly after, took the ball down between them, Hildreth finishing the movement with a fine shot from near the touch line, which hit the inside of the right post and went into the net. This was a very good goal. The Y. M. C. A. continued pressing, the B. V. A. very seldom getting dangerous, and Pack receiving a nice pass from Ward, dribbled passed three opponents, and gave the B. V. A's goalkeeper no chance with a very decent shot, this being the fourth goal. Nothing further was scored, the Y. M. C. A. obtaining an easy victory.

Result :—

Y. M. C. A. 4
B. V. A. 0

Teams.—

Y. M. C. A.—Goal : Wardley ; backs : Templeton and Booker ; Halves : Wyse, Ward and Templeton ; forwards : Faulds : Cornfield, Osborne, Pack and Hildreth.

B. V. A.—Goal : Hill ; backs : Taylor and Wooley ; halves : Bellamy, Oliver and Webb ; forwards : White, Symes, Dickson, Rogers and Cudlip.

MADRAS HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 5.

The Madras Hockey Tournament, for which ten teams have entered, opened here yesterday. There were two matches, the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers vs. the Sherwood Foresters (cupholders), and the Second Dorsetshire Regiment vs. Poonamalle Queen's Depot. In the first match play ended in a draw of two goals, but extra time being allowed, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers won by three goals to two. In the other match the Dorsets had a walk over practically, winning by five goals to nil.

AUSTRALIAN SUGAR INDUSTRY.

Position of Growers.

A conference of growers representative of the sugar industry on the Richmond River, and delegates from Queensland, has been held at Ballina to consider the question of organisation.

It was stated that unless the conditions were altered for the better they would have to give up can growing for other pursuits. Manufacturers were getting too great a share of the profits. Speakers quoted authoritative Queensland figures, which went to show that last year on an average it took 9.5 tons of cane to make a ton of sugar. The price paid for cane was 11 a ton, and the price paid for cane per ton of sugar, together with the cost of manufacture, £2 16-8, thus amounting to £8 1-2. The manufacture received £11 3 per ton for the raw article, which left a clear profit to the miller of £3 1-10 per ton of sugar, after providing for expenses. As against that position, Mr. Angus Gibson, of Queensland, was quoted as having admitted to the Minister of Customs that it cost 11 per ton to grow the cane, and the whole of the rebate to defray the expense of harvesting the crop.

Mr Cattermull asked how much was left for the grow seeing that the price for cane represented the whole of the money paid? There was nothing left for the grower but an indigent old age and depleted land. Regarding the refineries they would find that while the miller got £1113 per ton for raw sugar the refineries realised £21 per ton in the open market. When they came to consider that the whole cost of refine amounted to only £2 17 per ton they would be met with the fact that the refiner pocketed a large profit for his share in the industry. The only way out of the difficulty was to secure legislative action to protect the grower, and see that he got a fair deal. Out of the £21 per ton realised for sugar on the market the grower got only £5 4-6 and the balance went to the manufacturer. When his association offered to confer and trash the matter of the price out with the manufacturers the latter refused. The only alternative in order to obtain redress therefore, was to appeal to Parliament. The Federal Government, in imposing the customs and excise duty, and in adopting the bounty system, had done much for the grower, but it did not go far enough. It stipulated the wages which the grower should pay before receiving the bounty. It was thought Parliament should protect the grower from the manufacturer in the matter of price. The association proposed to appeal to the Federal Parliament for the appointment of a royal commission to inquire into the industry thoroughly. The association also wanted the retention of the excise. It was resolved.—That this meeting of the New South Wales Defence League endorses the action of the Cane Growers Association of Australia in urging that a royal commission be appointed to inquire into the sugar industry, and that the Minister be asked to include a growers' representative on the commission.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—Lieutenants to be Captains ; John Henry Middleton Fuller, 88th Carnatic Infantry ; Geoffrey Arthur Mackworth Praed, 5th Light Infantry ; Herbert John Mackenzie, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force) ; Frederic Cooke Bannatyne, 109th Infantry ; Allan Gray Frere, 86th Carnatic Infantry ; and John William Henry Derby Tyndall, 5th Light Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Percy Maxwell, Carpendale, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Montagues, Ernest O'Donoghue, retire from the service ; also Lieutenant-Colonel William Symonds Percival Ricketts, M.B., Indian Medical Service, Bombay.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.—William Burns to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 24th May 1910.

SOME Swiss doctors are advising their patients that a diet of asparagus, combined with abstention from meat, is as beneficial a treatment for liver complaints as a course of medicinal waters, and is moreover considerably cheaper. This belief in the hygienic virtues of asparagus is a long-standing one. In "A Treatise of All Sorts of Foods, both Animal and Vegetable, also of Drinkables," published in 1745, we are told that "the essential salt which is contained in Sparagrass in a sufficient quantity, is very proper to penetrate into all the recesses of the parts, there to dissolve the glutinous and embarrassing Substances they meet with, and to make a passage into all the pipes by breaking and removing the obstacles that are in their way."

THE WEATHER.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

SIMLA, JULY 5.

The storm, the centre of which was yesterday near Pachmarhi has given general heavy rain on the south side of its track, but to the north precipitation been light and local. The storm will probably by to-morrow over South Rajputana and North Gujarat. Rain has been nearly general in Lower Burma, the West of the United Provinces, the East of Rajputana, the Central Provinces, the West Coast of the Peninsula, Mysore, Madras and the Deccan and local in Upper Burma, Assam, North-East India, the Punjab, Gujarat, Bombay, the Deccan and Hyderabad.

Kyaukpyu had four inches ; Silchar, Barisal Ranchi, Darjeeling and Jhansi, two ; Agra, one ; Rookee, Mukteesar and Sialkot, one and a half ; Delhi, three ; Khushab, two ; Kotak and Indore, one and a half ; Meerut, Saugor and Jubbulpore, two ; Amraoti, Seoni, Nagpur and Chanda, three ; Hoshangabad, four ; Pachmarhi, six ; Raipur, seven ; Mercara, five ; Otacamund, one and a half.

Forecast.—The rainfall will extent over Khandesh, Gujarat, Rajputana, the South Punjab, and diminish in the East of the Central Provinces.

The following telegram was received yesterday from the Meteorological Department, Simla by the Port Officer, Bombay :—

Storm Signal.—Cyclonic storm travelling west-north-west through North of Central Provinces, likely give strong wind Bombay to-day. Hoist cautionary signal.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Esplanade	Byculla	Malabar Hill	Fort	Colaba.
Previously registered	20·93	26·54	25·93	25·24	
Tuesday, 5th July	0·00	0·01	0·03	0·00	
Total	30·03	26·55	25·96	25·24	
Same date last year	28·05	24·58	28·58	17·90	

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., CUMBALLA HILL.

July 5.

Station.	Rainfall up to 8 a. m. Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1908.	Corpdg. Total 1909.
Cumballa Hill	In. cts. 0·00	In. cts. 28·0	In. cts. 25·62	In. cts. 28·35

Appended is Tuesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Namesof Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (4th July)	91·6	84·6	...	...
Jask	95·3	84·8	...	...
Muskat (4th July)	97·2	84·1	...	...
Multan	110·3	89·5	...	0·52
Rawalpindi	98·4	73·9	0·02	7·70
Lahore	103·4	79·7	...	3·53
Sirsa	100·8	80·6	...	1·34
Ambala	100·5	80·0	0·15	6·05
Delhi	98·7	77·7	2·76	5·29
Agra	94·0	78·0	1·18	4·21
Mainpuri	96·3	81·0	...	2·78
Jhansi	84·5	77·0	2·20	8·24
Cawnpore	91·0	75·0	0·12	5·03
Allahabad	89·1	77·5	0·02	4·46
Jacobabad	113·0	87·8	...	0·65
Karachi	91·0	82·0	...	2·29
Ajmer	90·9	78·7	0·38	3·73
Jaipur	90·2	77·1	0·08	1·90
Kotah	92·0	76·1	1·43	10·13
Bhuj	92·6	79·5	...	6·34
Dwarka	88·3	82·2	...	3·39
Veraval	84·1	80·8	0·01	7·38
Rajkot	91·1	77·5	...	12·57
Bhavnagar Para	91·8	79·0	0·02	7·69
Surat	86·1	79·6	0·03	17·36
Ahmedabad	89·6	76·7	0·83	8·56
Deesa	93·8	76·9	0·37	10·08
Neemuch	84·0	...	2·12	10·41
Indore	82·1	72·1	1·28	11·17
Jabbulpore	84·3	75·3	2·10	13·19
Saugor	77·6	73·5	2·06	8·19
Hoshangabad	79·1	73·9	3·33	15·11
Khandwa	81·2	70·6	1·24	9·54
Akola	81·7	70·6	1·11	9·86
Amraoti	79·8	68·8	3·07	11·74
Nagpur	77·1	70·8	3·21	24·12
Chanda	77·5	71·5	2·82	14·21
Raipur	...	...	...	...
Bombay	84·1	79·4	...	28·24
Ratnagiri	82·3	77·4	0·34	37·36
Mormugao	83·0	75·7	0·75	48·63
Karwar	83·3	73·0	1·85	69·14
Malegaon	79·9	72·6	0·09	11·63
Ahamednagar	...	...	...	...
Poona	78·5	71·3	0·28	9·41
Sholapur	82·3	71·4	0·09	4·70
Bijapur	81·7	70·7	0·29	3·30
Belgaum	71·3	67·6	1·14	11·78
Aurangabad	72·7	70·2	0·09	6·18
Nizamabad (Indur)	77·9	70·2	0·53	10·80
Hyderabad	78·8	71·7	0·02	6·89
Mangalore	84·3	71·8	0·53	56·41
Calicut	79·8	71·1	2·67	38·85
Cochin	83·7	75·8	0·42	30·95
Colombo	86·0	76·5	...	8·81
Masulipatam	85·3	75·7	0·03	8·63
Bellary	91·0	75·3	0·11	0·42
Cuddapah	97·7	78·6	...	1·95
Madras	96·5	82·5	...	1·95
Bangalore	76·8	66·8	...	2·30
Coimbatore	85·9	70·3	0·30	1·08
Trichinopoly	96·0	80·3	...	0·23
Negapatam	98·5	79·0	...	0·50

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 5th July was 29·602 inches The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 14 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be differet from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 5TH JULY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 5th July, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Delhi records 2·76" of rain and Ambala 0·15". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess in the extreme north, and normal elsewhere. Temperature is nearly normal.

The United Provinces.—Agra reports 1·18" of rain, Jhansi 2·20" and Cawnpore 0·12". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Day temperature is in slight defect in the southern half of the division ; night temperature is in defect at Cawnpore.

Sind and Rajputana.—Ajmere reports 0·38" of rain and Kotah 1·43". Skies are clear in upper Sind and generally heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess in east Rajputana, where maximum temperature is also in slight defect.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been general in west Central India and nearly so in Gujarat ; Deesa has had 0·37", Ahmedabad 0·33", Neemuch 2·12" and Indore 1·23." Skies are heavily clouded. The air is damper than usual in the area of rainfall. Day temperature is in defect in west Central India ; night temperature is everywhere normal.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been general ; Jubbulpore has had 2·10", Saugor 2·06", Hoshangabad 3·33", Khandwa 1·24", Akola 1·11", Amraoti 3·07", Nagpur 3·21", and Chanda 2·82". Skies are heavily overcast. Humidity is in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect ; the minimum is also in defect except in the north-eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen : Ratnagiri has had 0·34," Mormugao 0·75" and Karwar 1·85." Skies are heavily clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Poona records 0·28" of rain, Bijapur 0·29", Belgaum 1·14" and Nizamabad 0·53". Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature has fallen and is now 5° to 17° in defect ; the minimum is normal.

General Remarks.—The storm has moved rather rapidly in a west-north-westerly direction, its centre being shown to-day between Hoshangabad and Jubbulpore. It has not diminished appreciably in intensity, and has been the cause of widespread and fairly heavy rain in the central parts of the country. Moderate to heavy rain has fallen also in south Rajputana, the extreme western districts of the United Provinces and the adjacent districts of the Punjab. There has been nearly general rain also on the west coast of the Peninsula, in Gujarat and in the Deccan. The storm will probably continue to move in a west-north-westerly direction.

Nearly general rain is likely in the central parts, of the country, Rajputana, the United Provinces, Gujarat and the west coast of the Peninsula, and local rain in Kathiawar and the Bombay Deccan Rainfall may continue heavy in the central parts of the country.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

Mr. Plowden's Evidence.

One of the features of the proceedings in mail week before the Royal Commission on Divorce was the evidence given by Mr. A. C. Plowden, the well-known Metropolitan Police magistrate. He said that his view was that marriage and divorce were really part of the same question. He thought there was a great deal of unreasonable prejudice against divorce, which with certain alterations in the law might be considerably diminished. Marriage should be encouraged in every way, and divorce also should be encouraged—not for its own sake, but for the sake of marriage.

Marriage could not hope to be a working success, he explained, if divorce was not in the background. If they had divorce as a protection, then marriage became a wise investment. Without divorce as a protection, he looked upon marriage as a dangerous and mad gamble. Divorce should really be looked upon as consolidating marriage. The question was whether the blessings of divorce, as he looked upon them, should be extended to the poorer classes.

The Chairman.—Would you make a divorce cheaper for the poorer classes?—The value of divorce does not depend upon whether it is cheap or not, upon whether it costs as much as a motor car or a bicycle ; divorce is as much a social necessity as marriage. But I should like to see some check put upon marriages as they are at present, and I agree with the suggestion of Mr. Cecil Chapman that no marriage should be legal unless performed before a registrar or some civil officer, as that would make the contract more binding. The civil rite would be more simple, more impressive, and more easily understood by the people than a ceremony in a church or chapel. It is most desirable that the community should be educated in the idea that the marrige is nothing but a civil contract. If marriage, instead of being celebrated in church, had to be the celebrated before a registrar, the effect would be that people would see marriage in its true light.

But you would let people have a right to a religious ceremony ?—Yes, certainly.

DIVORCE FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT.

Asked whether he thought the grounds for divorce should be revised, Mr. Plowden said :—I should be in favour of granting a divorce on any clear breach of contract. I regard infidelity as a breach of contract. I regard desertion as a breach of contract. I regard persistent cruelty as a breach of contract. I think bigamy is a breach of contract. I would not grant divorce for crime.

Lord Gorell.—Would that remark apply to the habitual criminal ?—My sympathies are rather with the criminal in keeping his wife. I am not in favour of granting diverce on the ground of lunacy, as people who have been pronounced to be insurable lunatic have been known to recover, so there is a certain danger.

"I think the common-sense view is," continued Mr. Plowden, "that if both parties to the marriage contract want the contract cancelled, and can satisfy the court that they have done their best after years of endeavour to live reasonably happy lives together, and that the contract has hopelessly broken down and life is unbearable, the contract has failed of itself, then the parties should be allowed under stringent conditions, to get a divorce."

Lord Gorell.—Would you be in favour of putting both sexes on the same footing ?—I should be very loth to say that any grievance which women suggests should not be redressed, but I venture to entertain some doubt whether to grant a woman divorce from her husband on account of incidental infidelity would really meet with the approval of women themselves. It seems to me it is a woman's question. If a woman insists that she ought to have precisely the same rights as her husband in this matter, I think her wishes should be met.

On the question of divorce jurisdiction, Mr. Plowden said that in London the Police courts were in the closest touch with the poorest classes, and he believed had their confidence to a singular degree. Poor people often knew no law so well as the police court. He recognised no inherent difficulty in trying questions of adultary. Judicial separations he looked upon as a sorry substitute for divorce, but he regarded them as being a great deal better than nothing. They were to his mind in the nature of medicine which secured instant relief. To that extent they did good. But he should rejoice much more if, instead of giving a judicial separation to a long suffering wife he could give her what was her heart's desire, and what she deserved—that was, divorce.

LADY F. BALFOUR'S QUESTIONS.

Lady Frances Balfour : On the question of equality between the sexes you protected yourself by saying that if women wanted equality they should have it, but your view was that women did not care so much about it ?—I don't think they do.

In reply to another question, Mr. Plowden said ; I think the average wife does view with a certain indulgence—not the least, of course, with approval—but with a certain indulgence, the discovery that her husband has been guilty of casual infidelity. The same discovery made by a husband would be a terrible discovery. He could not longer have any confidence in his wife at all. A man's reputation in this matter does not stand so high. When a woman is delinquent, it is a shipwreck of the whole establishment.

Lady Frances Balfour.—A man's infidelity, of course, brings more shipwreck because a woman's whole life is her home. You say the average wife is more forgiving, but that does not prevent the average wife thinking probably that if the law is altered it should be altered in the direction of equality, as it is in the superior part of the country, North?—Certainly I should be ready personally to see any grievance women feel redressed.

The Archbishop of York.—You say marriage is a contract, and you also say it is an experiment. Would you combine the two, and say that in your judgment marriage is a contract to make an experiment?—It comes to that.

Therefore, if the experiment were to fail, the contract ought to cease—Yes.

Evidence was also given by Mr. Ferris-Pike, the Oxford Police Court missioner ; Mr. W. Muadin, police court missionary at St. Albans ; Mr. F. W. Barnett, missionary and probation officer at Westminster Police Court ; and Mr. Charles Wrights, police court missionary at Chester. The commission then adjourned.

"LU-LU"

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IN LIGHTER VEIN.

ONLY PART OF A CONSTELLATION.

"See here!" said the theatrical manager, "you must drop your overbearing behaviour towards the other members of this company."

"Indeed?" replied the leading lady haughtily. "I'm the star, am I not?"

"Well, yes ; just remember that you're not a fixed star."

KNEW THE SIZE.

"I want some collars and neckties for my husband," she snapped.

"Yes, madam."

The salesman offered her the latest thing.

"What size are these?" asked the lady.

"Why, twelve and a half, madam."

"How on earth did you guess that?"

"Ah," replied the hosier, smiling, "gentlemen who let their wives select their collars and ties always take that size."

NOT TO BE MISSED.

The teacher of a certain school received the following note explaining the absence of one of her pupils the day before :—

"Please excoose Henny for absents yesterday. Him an' me got a chance of a ride to a funeral in a charrige, an' I let him stay to home as he had never rode in a charrige an' never went to a funeral, nor had many other pleasures. So plese excooze."

PATS FIRM DECISION.

The new patient had been put to bed by the nurse. Upon waking up he enquired—

"Pshaw! did ye say the doctor's name was?"

"Dr. Kilpatrick," was the reply.

"Thot settles it," replied the sick man. "Thot doctor will not get a chance to operate on me."

"Why not?" asked the nurse. "He is a good doctor."

"Maybe so, but not for me—you see, my name is Patrick."

NO TIME.

"Excuse me, sir," said the man in the row behind, "but would you mind asking your wife to remove her hat? I assure you I cannot see a thing on the stage."

"I'd like to oblige you, sir, but it is impossible," said the man addressed. "We live out of town and we must get home to-night."

"What has that got to do with it?"

"What has that got to do with it? Why, our train goes 20 minutes after the end of the performance and it takes her an hour to put that hat on."

HE WANTED PROOF POSITIVE.

A Scotchman went to London for a holiday. Walking along one of the streets he noticed a bald-headed chemist standing at his shop door, and enquired if he had any hair restorer.

"Yes, sir," said the chemist ; "step inside, please. There's an article I can highly recommend. Testimonials from great men who have used it. It makes the hair grow in twenty-four hours."

"Aweel," said the Scot, "ye can gie the top o' your head a bit rub wi't, and I'll look back the morn and see if ye're tellin' the truth."

AT A WEDDING BREAKFAST.

After a marriage recently the bridal party partook of a sumptuous breakfast, towards the end of which a youngster brother of the bride got up and said, solemnly, raising his glass :—

"Ladies and gentlemen, I have to propose a toast, which, however, must be drunk standing. Please take your glasses and rise up."

The guests although somewhat bewildered, did so.

"Now," said the young scapegrace, "if you will remain standing for a few minutes I'll find out who has been sitting on my new hat."

CAME OUT FIRST.

One morning Jones rushed up to his friend Wilkinson in a great state of excitement. "Wilkinson," he shouted, "I have been insulted—horribly insulted by that Robinson gang at the club."

"What are you going to do?" asked Wilkinson.

"Do?" said Jones. "Why, I am just going round there to show them what manner of man it is they trifle with. Come with me, old man and you shall see things."

Arriving outside the club, Jones pested his friend outside a window.

"Now," he said, "just wait there and count them as they come out. You won't have long to wait.

And with that he entered and shortly pandemonium broke loose within.

After a moment or so the window opened and a body came hurtling through and landed in the road.

"One," cried Wilkinson, with the air of a man checking Big Ben.

"Shut up, you fool!" said a faint voice from the gutter—"It's me!"

TO ESCAPE THE EXPRESS.

The express was every instant drawing nearer. Meanwhile the old lady passenger stood haltingly on the platform, wondering whether she would have to cross over or it thundered through the station.

In her dilemma she appealed to a learned looking elderly gentleman standing by. For a moment the professor seemed to wrestle with an abstruse mathematical problem, and then he spoke.

"Madam," he said, I find that at its present rate of progression the train will be here in just one and seven-eighth seconds. It will be impossible for a person of your years to cross in less than a second and three-quarters, so you will be just one-eighth to the good."

BETWEEN THE COURSES.

The stranger in the hotel plumped down his bag.

"I want a room!" he said.

"No. 37" rapped out the clerk. "Second floor!"

"It is a good one?" quaried the stranger.

"Excellent! The boy will show you the way," replied the clerk.

The stranger took up his bag.

"Right-he!" he said. "Oh, I say, what's the eatin' hours in this hotel?"

"Breakfast," answered the clerk, "7 to 11 ; lunch 11 to 3 ; dinner, 3 to 8 ; supper, 8 to 12."

The stranger dropped his bag again.

"Great Jerusalem" he exclaimed. "When am I goin' to git time to see the town?"

SMART LAWYER.

The young lawyer was consulting in the goal with his unfortunate client, charged with having stolen a stove.

"No, no," he said, soothingly; "I know, of course, you didn't really steal the stove. If I thought for a minute that you were guilty, I wouldn't defend you. The cynics may say what they like but there are some conscientious men among us lawyers. Yes, of course, the real difficulty lies in proving that you didn't steal the stove, but I'll manage it now that you have assured me of your innocence. Leave it all to me, and don't say a word. You can hand over a guinea now, and pay the rest—"

"A guinea, boss?" repeated the accused man in a hoarse voice. "Why don't yer make it ten thousand guineas? I c'd pay ye jest ez easy. I ain't got no money."

"No money!" The lawyer looked indignant.

"Naw—nec know where I kin git any, eether."

The young lawyer seemed plunged in gloom. Suddenly he brightened.

"Well," he said mere cheerfully. "I like to help honest men in trouble. I'll tell you what to do. I'll get you out of this scrape, and we'll call it square if you'll send the stove round to my office. I need one."

RANGOON ELECTRIC TRAMWAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 5.

Rangoon Electric Tramway, in the half year just ended, earned nearly four and a half lakhs, an increase over the corresponding period of last year of nearly thirteen thousand rupees.

A LARGELY attended meeting of representatives of the Colonies was held on June 13 at the United Empire Club, Piccadilly, W., with Mr. H. Page Croft, M. P., in the chair. At this meeting an organisation was formed to to be known as "the Imperial Mission," a development of the movement known as the Imperial Pioneers. It was decided to inaugurate a vigorous campaign, which will be carried on throughout the summer and the forthcoming autumn, for the purpose of educating the people of England on the questions of Imperial Preference and Defence. The new organisation will have no connection with any political party in the country. The temporary offices of the Imperial Mission will be at the United Empire Club.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

SILK.

Silk, writes a London correspondent, is the material specially used for the useful coats and skirts that a year ago were invariably composed of linen. There is a new material, the basis of which is linen with a silk surface, and when real silk is not employed this makes an excellent substitute, particularly as the colours are soft and subdued. There will now be a good deal of colour worn, the latest idea being what the French call cachemire designs, delicate patterns, in soft colours rather after the mode of the Paisley pattern, but combining a much wider range of tint. Shades of blue, violet, lavender, and a new soft green will be amongst the favourite colours.

DAINTY SHORT COATS.

Dainty short coats, usually fastened with one button, are regarded as convenient, and skirts are frequently caught rather tightly as far as under the knees, where a belted frill finishes them. As to the latest trimmings, they are an adaptation of the string someone that was introduced about a couple of years ago ; it developed rather slowly. Just at present this common string is twisted and knotted into leaves, roses and all sorts of embellishments appearing on the back of little coats on the revers and right down the sleeves. Chiffon is used to line most of these little silken coats, such pretty contrasts being used as rose chiffon for a Shantung-coloured suit, while foulard, spotted or patterned, might have the darker tone of the design introduced into the lining. Pipings of the colours of the lining look very well, and sometimes narrow ruches of ribbon soften the edges of the skirt, forming small frills. For the frill is really the next thing to be reckoned with, and there are narrow trills, as well as sets of three wide ones, on some of the latest dresses seen at important race meetings.

FOR SIMPLE FROCKS.

For simple frocks to wear you may choose among zephyrs twill tussore-linen, canvas toile antique ; they are in expensive and will enable you to change often and to keep a cool, easy, and refreshed appearance during the warm weather. The mixture of broderie Anglaise and Irish lace is very successful. One admire the effect of a coat of three-quarter length of embroidered linen, the sleeves of which one made of Irish lace. These sleeves cannot protect the arms very well against the sun, and the blouse sleeves would not be very pretty if made of thick material. So this coat is more beautiful than practical after all.

REGHORN HATS.

Leghorn hats trimmed with black, taffetas rose or lace rose, or big, very big moire bow, have this good point—that they go with almost anything. So do all black hats ; but all white hats are most trying to the complexion and if girls and women who put the lingerie "Charlottes" on had the naked truth told them, not many would like to hear it. Much more becoming is the "ramaille" straw of brownish hue.

UNDERDRESS OF PRINCESS DESCRIPTION.

It is the rule now for dresses to be belted but the underdress of Princess description has replaced the petticoat in the public's favour. They are made of cotton or lawn and are found in the shops at very reasonable prices. With a good pattern they can be made at home as easily as the oldfashioned petticoat. If they are cut below the knee with press studs all round different flounces (on which the other part of the stud will have been stitched) may be added and changed without moving the dress, which is very useful. The best of these Princess petticoats for dresses "habilees" can be made all in one, as the flounce and top then act as transparent to the overdress. White is always best for the body, but dark flounces or frills show off the ankle better than white ones.

OIL FOR AUSTRALIAN NAVY.

The Commonwealth Government is about to be drawn into the great struggle that is going on all over the world

BY THE WAY.

A SIX DAYS' WEEK.

It is not time, asks Mr. W. T. Stead in the "Review of Reviews," for the establishment of the principle of a Six Days Working Week? It is twenty years since he founded his Association of Helper to deal with this, among other subjects. Yet it is only within the last year or two that any real progress has been effected. The Metropolitan Police are tardily carrying out the concession of one day's rest in seven, and Reading Town Council has also conceded this inalienable right. But other town councils grudge the extra expense. "The collective Christian conscience of the average town council," say Mr. Stead, "shinks it cheaper to cheat God and man by defrauding its employees of one day's rest in seven rather than to be honest and employ an adequate staff."

LORDS OF THE SOIL.

The forthcoming sale of the Erlestoke estate, in Wiltshire, with its 7,400 acres, its four villages, a fourteenth-century Priory house, and farms and public-houses galore, will furnish a real opportunity to the man whose ambition it is to be a lord of the soil on the grand scale; but in magnitude it has often been exceeded in fairly recent years. It is not long since Lord Strathcona became lord, by purchase, of the nineteen square miles of Colonsay and Oronsay, in the Hebrides; the Island of Rum, with its 27,000 acres, is owned by Mr. Buller, whose father acquired it years ago; and Kilmuir, part of the Island of Skye, an extent of 46,000 acres, was bought for the purpose of transplanting the crofters Tiree, of 21,550 acres, was for sale not long ago, and so were Lundy Island, Coll, and Scarba Island.

A BEGGAR'S SUCCESSFUL "LASY."

As I walked home after the last tram had gone, writes a correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian," a voice at my elbow asked for something towards a night's lodging. Its owner was a youth of fifteen, whose condition appealed to pity, so I questioned him. He had been employed, he said, until lately as a bottle washer at a city brewery, but he left voluntarily because (these are his own words) he "was afraid he might give way to the temptation to drink." I pressed him for a better reason, and then he told me he decided to leave because the other boys "used such dreadful language," and he was afraid he might pick up that habit. Later on he said that his ambition was to get a job where he could save a little money in order to buy an illustrated Bible in parts. There must presumably (adds the correspondent) be people with whom this "lay" is successful; it is a pity.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN'S "GREAT SECRET."

Not many now, perhaps, remember George Francis Train, who visited London in the fifties to inaugurate the tramway system. Mr. Robert Barr tells, in the "Idler," of the last time he saw him. "I have discovered the great secret at last," Train said, "after wasting all my previous years. . . . I have discovered the secret of life; the mystery that the ancients tried in vain to penetrate, and were ready like Faust, to sell their souls for. Human magnetism," he continued, "is the cause of our existence. When the share given to each of us is spent, we die. We recklessly squandar this magnestism by shaking hands. I have ceased to shake hands, except with children. Children so overflow with a surplus of magnetism that they augment the stock in a man of my age. Since I ceased to shake hands with grown-up people, I become younger and younger. I never walk down a crowded street, for the mere contact of clothing absorbs magnetism."

CHILDREN AND DOGS.

To the question by Mr. Bare how he came to make the discovery, Train replied: "Oh, anyone could have made it, if they had eyes to read and brains to comprehend. The fact has been before the world for centuries. You will find it recorded in the eighth chapter of St. Luke, forty-sixth verse: 'And Jesus said, Somebody hath touched me, for I perceive that virtue is gone out of me.'" For some years after this George Francis Train spent his days, when the weather was good in a New York park, nearly always surrounded by children. Children and dogs were very fond of him. "He himself was absolutely happy, for he had discovered the secret of perpetual youth, and when Death touched him on the shoulder he was quite unperturbed, because he did not recognize who accosted him."

A NEW TRADE.

One cannot help thinking there is a great chance for a new profession. It is impossible to a man with a knowledge of grammar and an ear for prose cadence to take pleasure in a churchyard. The inscriptions on tombstones are characterized by ambiguities and inelegancies in every line. Now this should not be so. The well-defined limits of a tombstone should present not an obstacle but an incentive to the epigrammatic and terse statement Has not the greatest poets striven to compress themselves within the narrow boundaries of the sonnet-form? Why should not men of letters devote themselves to composing nimble epitaphs? The great sculptors of the renaissance delighted to display their art upon the gorgeous tomb of some great warrior or statesman. There would be nothing mean or unworthy about such a task as one suggests and the demand, one believes would be endless. Only recently an action at law has been necessitated by the unfortunate wording on a tombstone which, after recording the presence of the remains of two gentlemen, innocently adds to their number. "Saran, the beloved wife of the above." The position was delicate, and it was felt that only the well-known tact of a legally trained mind could solve the difficulty without wounding the feelings. But had a professional epitaher been consulted in the first place all this trouble would have been avoided. After all, a great many people make a living out of the dead in one way or another.

THE GOLD CUP AND EMPEROR'S PLATE.

More than a century has gone since the first race for the Gold Cup, "of 100gs. value, the remainder in specie," was won, at Ascot in 1807, by Mr. Durand's "Master Jackey," while "George III's Queen and the three Princesses, in white Spanish mantles, and the Prince of Wales, glorious in bottle-green," applauded. Thirty-seven years later (in 1844) Czar Nicholas I. was so delighted with the race for the Cup that he offered to substitute for it a piece of plate valued at £500, which, appropriately enough, was won in the following year by Lord Albemarle's "Emperor," so called in honour of the Czar; and thus for a time the Gold Cup was in abeyance. When, however, a few years later war broke out between England and Russia, the emperor's Plate disappeared, and the Cup was restored to its old place of honour, to be won in 1854 by "West Australian."

THE TERCENTENARY OF WADHAM COLLEGE.

Wadham, which celebrates a tercentenary, is, strictly speaking, the youngest College in Oxford, for Worcester, Pembroke, and Hertford were mere reconstructions of ancient foundations, while Keble falls under a different category. It is remarkable for a simple beauty of architecture that recalls some old country houses in Somersetshire, to which the Wadhams belonged. It was at first, like Exeter, a favourite College for West-countrymen, and one of the earliest graduates was the great Admiral, Robert Blake.

THE CELIBATE WARDEN OF WADHAM.

The statutes of Wadham College, though a post-Reformation foundation, strangely stipulated that the Warden must be unmarried. This is traditionally ascribed so feminine spite of the foundress, who proposed to Dr. Wright, the first Warden, and, on his refusal, debarred him and all future Wardens from marriage. Mr. Wells, the College historian, forgeting that Cupid is so respecter of age or person, points out that Dorothy Wadham was seventy-nine and Dr. Wright fifty-three. A more cogent disproof is provided by Dr. Wright's portrait in the College hall, for his unprepossessing countenance shows conclusively that he was no lady-killer. There is a wicked story that the Act permitting Wardens of Wadham to marry was smuggled through Parliament in a clause tacked on to the tail of a Canal Bill!

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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

The sale that took place in mail week at Sotheby puts one upon speculating upon that curious mixture of impulse and reason in the character of Sir Thomas Phillipps which accounts for the creation of the Bibliotheca Phillippica. The passion which, by the time of Sir Thomas's death, had put him in possession of no fewer than 60,000 manuscripts in addition to books cannot be described as a mere insania, however amabilis. There was beneficence in the attention of the collector as well as in the effect of his work—for it helped to open people's eyes to the necessity of preserving manuscripts,—while no doubt, time will prove the immense outlay to have been a sound investment of capital. Nevertheless the habit of collecting set in too early not to have been the expression of an invincible natural bent. Just as Surtees gave some hint of the antiquary he was to become by exchanging, while still a boy, his pocket money for the old coins which the gardeners were digging up in his neighbourhood, so Sir Thomas, while still a schoolboy, accumulated books in numbers sufficient to justify their description as a library. It was reason again, not impulse, that led him to specialise on manuscripts. He read with horror of certain cases of destruction of valuable manuscripts, and became aware that the presess was still going on around him. Goldbeaters were ruining old vellums in the necessary course of their trade, while tailors and glue makers were equally utilising deeds and charters of indefinite value. He therefore determined to come to the rescue. But if there thus went reason to the undertaking there went impulse to the way in which it was carried out, for he purchased as one not fulfilling a resolution but driven by a gadfly. A manuscript was worth, buying whatever its intrinsic worth, so that he acquired hundreds of specimens in Oriental dialects desipherable only by experts, and even bought the Mexican papers of Lord Dingeborough. "He bought library after library of manuscripts," says a writer in the "National Review." "It was said that he would purchase the entire stock of a bookseller, and it is a well-known fact that on receipt of a thick octavo catalogue of about 1,400 manuscripts from Thorpe the bookseller he ordered the whole lot. At one sweep he acquired the famous Meerman library." Evidently to collectors of the calibre of Sir Thomas Phillips nature pays the compliment she pays to poets—who, it is said, are born and not made,—but it is clear that unless in the constellation under which they are born whatever plant may stand for wealth does not occupy a conspicuous place their work and career must become impossible.

CHEAP MAGAZINES.

It was in a chastened spirit, and feeling that the contention must be true since it told against ourselves, that we all read in last month's "Fortnightly Review" Mr. William Archer's article maintaining the superiority of the cheap magazines in America to those published in Great Britain. The sensations were such as those which Mathew Arnold used to awaken when he lectured the English people on their inferiority in some respect to their Continental neighbours. It is curious to notice how the article has been taken in America. The time has been when it would have excited the keenest delight. It would have been copied from paper to paper, and would everywhere have awakened the feeling of self-satisfaction which one associates with the name of Little Jack Horner. And of course it has been received with pleasure. Nevertheless that self-confidence which, Mr. Roosevelt has been telling us, has come to America with the growth of her military and naval power has evinced itself in the negative form of a wise indifference to compliment. Such a writer as Mr. Francis F. Browne is even a little incredulous. He thinks that Mr. Archer has taken the magazines he quotes too seriously. The topics they discuss, he admits, are weighty; they are the result of abundant information, and they are well put together. On the other hand, the spirit in which the articles are written is not satisfactory. Their aim is generally purely sensational, and in order to achieve sensation not only is information that is necessary to a full consideration of the case omitted, but the truth is sometimes bent by the writer in order that he may serve his purpose. Moreover, Mr. Browne offers the retort magnanimous. "If we could support, in this country," he says, "a group of monthlies like 'The Contemporary,' 'The Fortnightly,' and 'The Nineteenth Century,' and a group of weeklies like 'The Spectater,' 'The Nation,' and 'The Saturday Review,' we would gladly exchange for them the whole galaxy of our muck-raking magazines. Sobriety, in the long run, is more effective than sensationalism as an agency of reform, and writing that appeals to the intelligence has a farther-reaching and more lasting influence than writing that appeals chiefly to the emotion."

MR. DE MORGAN AND HIS CRITICS.

One of the most attractive articles in the new volume of "Printers' Pie" is one in which Mr. De Morgan defends himself from some of the more captious of his critics. It is gossipy, witty, and morganesque, and in one of his paragraphs he tells how it came about that in "Somehow Good" there appears the phrase 'at Ontario,' as if Ontario were a town and not a whole province. Writing at random at first, he had determined to locate Fenwick while in Canada at Toronto, but finding, later, that the choice was unsuitable, he sent a message to his printer to search for all the occurrences of the word "Toronto" and substitute "Ontario." Now there appeared the expression "at Toronto," and the printer merely changed it into "at Ontario." That is the whole story, and the case is parallel with that of Shakspeare, who, while revising both parts of "Henry IV." and substituting everywhere for "Sir John Oldcastle" "Sir John Falstaff," omitted in the First Part to alter the phrase in which Prince Henry addresses him as "my old lad of the Castle." Such slips are of the nature of vestigial remnants. In the same book, however, Mr. De Morgan may find other, slips of a different sort. One is that by which he unintentionally represents a nurse who has known his heroine only as Mrs. Fenwick addressing her as Mrs. Nightingale. The reason is obvious. Although married only twice, and both times to the same man, the heroine in the course of her career had had five, changes of name. She was, to begin with, Miss Rosalind Graythorpe; by her marriage in India she became Mrs. Rosalind Palliser; after her desertion she called herself Mrs. Rosalind Graythorpe until her stepfather, on leaving her his fortune, stipulated that she should take his name, whereupon she became Mrs. Rosalind Night ingale; finally, by her marriage with Fenwick she became Mrs. Rosalind Fenwick. Mr. De Morgan delights in complicating matters in this way for his readers, but it is no wonder that, once in a way, he should get confused himself and forget which one of her names she was wearing at some particular time.

NEW VOLUME OF POEMS.

It is interesting news that one may expect a new volume of poems at an early date by Mr. William Watson. It took that poet five years to write the verses which last year he collected in his "New Poems," and now, after the lapse of a twelvemonth, this new volume is announced. "New Poems" was, it must be admitted, a bit of a disappointment; yet there is no man more difficult to think of as a spent poetic force than Mr. Watson, and lovers of poetry will be glad if in "Sable and Purple" the death of King Edward has inspired as noble an ode as that which the King's Coronation did. One wishes however, that now and again in the pauses between volumes of poetry he would give us a volume of prose. His one prose volume, indeed, "Excursions in Criticism," was by no means, in respect of style, a brilliant book but it evinced a clearness of point of view, a sanity of judgment, and a strength of conviction which would constitute him, as a critic in these days, the much-needed rallying point for followers of the traditional school of English poetry. Prose need not exhaust his activities, however, and as there has often come to poets a sort of St. Luke's summer in their later life, when they recaptured for a moment the splendid utterances of their youth, he does well to keep his singing voice in good play.

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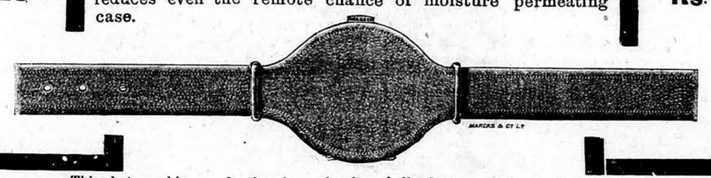

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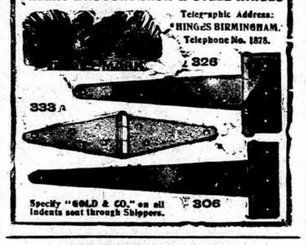

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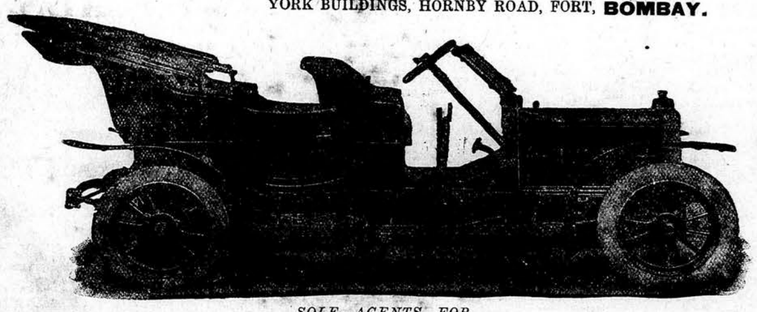

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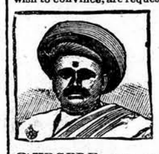

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Printed and Published for the Proprietors, "The Bombay Gazette, Limited, by N. D'MELLO, the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisements Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co. 69 Fleet Street, London E.C.